

# THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

VOL. XXVIII, NO. 43.

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1937.

\$2.00 PER ANNUM.

## Another Enterprise

A Beautiful Coronet Range  
We invite you to inspect this beautiful model, designed to give dependable service. Not only pleasing in appearance but easy to keep clean. An excellent baker, large size enamel-lined oven, deep coal or wood fire box, big roomy ash pit, high speed 6 1/2 gal copper tank. Chased interior highly enameled. Cool handles of chromium and Bakelite. Full polished steel top. The most talked-of stove in the market in the weight **\$135.00** and style **\$95.00**  
Other models from **\$75.00**  
Beautiful assortment of Kitchen tools from **15¢ to 25¢**  
When You Think of Plumbing Phone 19 for High-Grade Service

**HOME BUILDERS' HARDWARE CO.**  
R. N. Barnhill, Manager  
BLAIRMORE ALBERTA

## LO.O.F. ORDER SAYS

### "STOP THIS KILLING"

At its recent session in Milwaukee, Wis., the Sovereign Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows unanimously passed the following resolution and pledged themselves to assist in its fulfillment by every means in their power:

"Whereas the loss of life and disability of men, women and children from automobile casualties are greater than in war (The National Safety Council reported that in the United States alone in the year 1936, 36,500—more than 100 in every 24 hours—were killed on the nation's highways, and that this is an all-time high record); and

"Whereas the Independent Order of Odd Fellows seeks to serve the entire world in every worth-while manner; and

"Whereas a universal safety movement for prevention of death and injury would be non-sectarian and non-partisan; and

"Whereas participation in such an objective is not forbidden by the laws of the Order; and

"Whereas the activities of the Order in such a movement would tend to save many lives and much suffering; be it

"RESOLVED, That this Sovereign Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows endorse the inauguration of such a movement and endeavor to secure the co-operation of every member of the Order and of other organizations to the end that public opinion everywhere may be aroused to STOP THIS KILLING!"

"Duke" Scodellaro, formerly of the Coleman Canadians, will play golf this season for the Vancouver Lions.

## MUSICAL FESTIVAL TO OPEN MONDAY

The thirteenth annual session of the Crows' Nest Pass Musical Festival will open at the Columbus hall on Monday morning, the programme to continue for three full days.

Up to last week end, around 240 individual entries had been made.

There will be sessions morning, afternoon and night. The night programmes will as usual be the most interesting, but all through music of a high order will be rendered.

See posters for further particulars.

## CLAUDE HUGUET PASSES

Claude Huguet, old-timer of Blairmore, passed away at Homer Saturday last after a lingering illness. He is survived by his widow, one son, E. R. Huguet, of Homer, and two daughters, Mrs. J. Reners and Mrs. T. Pondelick, of Blairmore. The remains were brought to Blairmore on Monday and interment took place in the union cemetery following a service conducted in the Union hall by Alex. Young. Mr. Huguet was one of the pioneer residents of Blairmore, residing near the river about a quarter of a mile east of the West Canadian tipple for a great number of years before moving to Homer.

## NEW SIGNS FOR ALBERTA ROADS

For some years tourists visiting this province have expressed strong protest over the lack of direction signs on the highways.

Besides having poor roads, this province also was deficient in respect to road markers, it was claimed.

This situation has been given the serious consideration of officials of the Alberta Motor Association, who have from time to time impressed upon the provincial authorities the vital need of proper road signing.

Now that the province has embarked upon a hard surface policy, adequate road signing is all the more necessary, it is pointed out.

A start has been made on this work by the province, following an interview which officials of the A.M.A. had with Hon. W. A. Fallow, minister of public works.

Posts with directional arrows have been placed at certain points on the Calgary-Banff highway, at locations selected by the A.M.A. officials. Posts and arrows are painted white with the wording in black.

Next spring, it is understood, the government will place signs on the main highway from Edmonton to the U.S. border.

## DAUGHTER FINDS FATHER

Edmonton, Oct. 26.—Separated 31 years ago, a father and his daughter, now a nun, met again in Edmonton for a brief reunion that ended the daughter's long and persistent search for her parent, it was learned today.

In 1906, Peter Sauka left his home at Frank, Alta., to work in a mine at Michel, B.C. When he returned to Frank a week later his wife and two children, Eva 2 1/2 years old, and John, 14 months, were gone.

The daughter now is Rev. Sister Eva Sauka, Sister of Charity of the Order of the Grey Nuns; and John, now father of six children, lives at Pine Falls, Man.

Sister Eva, educated at a convent in St. Boniface, Man., where she and her brother had been left by her mother, has qualified as a teacher. After teaching in Winnipeg and Montreal, she arrived at Edmonton while en route to Fort Chipewyan, Alta., to take charge of a classroom.

The nun, who knew she had been born in Edmonton 33 years ago, made inquiries about her father when she visited the General hospital here, operated by the Grey Nuns. She had been baptized at an Edmonton church. Learning from one of the hospital Sisters that a 17-year-old girl named Genevieve Sauka was employed at the hospital, Sister Eva hurried to see the girl. Genevieve had never heard of a relation named Eva, but thought her sister Agnes, a nurse-in-training at Misericordia hospital, two blocks away, would know.

Agnes knew nothing of an "Eva," but she telephoned her father.

"Daddy," said Agnes, "there's a Sister here who thinks you're her father. Her name is Eva."

Peter Sauka waited to hear no more. He rushed to the hospital. Both father and daughter were almost overcome with joy when they met.

Soon after, Sister Eva left for Fort Chipewyan.

## HE KNOWS WHEN TO BE SILENT

It is worthy of note that in his addresses since the Edmonton election, Premier Aberhart has carefully and studiously avoided any reference to that momentous event in which Mayor Clarke, unofficially endorsed by the Premier's party, only polled 9,997 votes to 17,765 polled by the Fusion candidate, E. L. Gray. Father William can talk by the hour about the optimistic letters coming to him every week about the wonderful progress the movement is making, in other provinces, but the result in Edmonton, the capital of the province, and from which the Social Credit government misdirects the affairs of Alberta, is strictly taboo in polite Social Credit circles. In this connection, it might be interesting to note that, in the recent election in Ontario only 521 voted Social Credit out of about 1,500,000 ballots and in the election in B.C. where Mr. Aberhart had been over at one time, only 4000 out of 300,000 electors voted for Social Credit. As far as Canada is concerned, Social Credit is a dead horse and nobody has done more to kill it than William Aberhart himself, acting under the wise counsel of Douglas, Powell, Byrne et al.—Oskotoks Review.

The marriage took place in the registry office at Calgary on October 18th of Miss Frances Cereana, of Fernie, to Mr. Joseph Bartelette, of Coleman.

John Magnusen Soby, pioneer settler and well known merchant, passed away at Claresholm on Thursday afternoon of last week at the age of 81. His wife predeceased him on September 5th, 1935. He is survived by six children, one of whom is Dr. H. W. Soby, of High River. The remains were laid to rest at Claresholm on Sunday afternoon.

## DEVELOP MARKETS

Premier Aberhart is fond of saying "what have the old parties to offer?—absolutely nothing." If by this he means nebulous theories similar to the maze of contradictions he calls "Social Credit," we heartily agree. If he means practical efforts to cope with our problems, then we disagree with his conclusion. Practical remedies to alleviate distress do exist. They do not necessarily carry any party label. Commonsense is not the divine prerogative of any one party. And in common sense can be found much of value, despite party labels.

Before any suggestions are offered, it is essential that Premier Aberhart clear a lot of useless lumber from the attic of his ideas. Instead of thinking in reverse, he must think forward. He must abandon the notion that lack of purchasing power is the root cause of our troubles. It is not. The real cause is lack of strong market demand for our products. Markets create purchasing power! Paraphrasing Micawber's advice to David Copperfield to illustrate this point, we may say: "Annual wheat production 100 million bushels, income from market sales at \$1 per bushel—100 million dollars. Result—happiness! Annual wheat production 100 million bushels, income from market sales at 25 cents per bushel—25 million dollars. Result—misery! Because a weak market decreased our purchasing power by 75 million dollars. Markets, then, are the all important factor. Give markets, purchasing power takes care of itself. Stronger markets, wider markets for our products should be our aim and purpose. We should create markets, develop markets, extend markets, invade markets, woo markets, storm markets—be active in all phases of marketing. Here the question arises, what can the Aberhart administration do in this regard? It can stop wasting money on a propaganda department and turn it into a useful publicity aid. Let it sell the world the fact that Alberta wheat is unexcelled for milling purposes, that our beef cattle, our hogs, our poultry products, dairy products and garden products are the equal of any produced anywhere. Let it sell other provinces on our commercial and domestic goods. Let it make widely known the fact that our pottery goods are superior in every respect to the cheap Japanese importations; that our sugar beet producers and apiarists can fill sugar and honey requirements as well as any others can do. Let this administration sell the North American continent on the beauty of our natural parks, the healthful invigorating climate of Alberta, thereby developing a valuable tourist trade. Let it re-sell investors on the honesty and integrity of character of our people, thereby attracting capital to develop our potential wealth—and to build tourist roads.

This administration can do these things without let or hindrance. As salesmen of poppy-cock ideas, they have no equal in the world. Let them turn their natural talents into useful channels. The criticism and opposition they now complain about will change into peacans of praise and their tenure of office may be continued indefinitely.—Hanna Herald.

Mrs. Fred Smyth, of Cranbrook, last week received word of the death of her niece, Miss Norma Youngberg, at Fort St. John, Saskatchewan sanatorium. She was 23 years of age and her home was at Bengough in that province.

Messrs. E. Pender and J. C. Duncliffe, representing Western Printing & Lithographing Co., Ltd., of Calgary, called on The Enterprise last week end. They were on a goodwill tour of the weekly newspapers in the southern part of the province.

## NEWS FROM EDMONTON

(By C. B. Windros)

Edmonton, Alta., Oct. 27.—Political warfare in Alberta during the past week has been more or less static and disinteresting, although there have been a few evasive incidents to keep the public from succumbing to ennui. The voice of Premier Aberhart has been heard roaring its oft-repeated defiance of the "financial hounds" who "bark and bite" since last this article was written, but that is getting to be an old tale by now.

Two very significant events, however, took place in connection with the government's record which are worth mention. One was the surrender of the premier to popular outcry when on Thursday he about faced from his refusal to reveal the text of the Lunney Commission report on the highway inquiry. The report of Mr. Justice Lunney revealed disgraceful incompetence and wasteful expenditure of the public funds in connection with the administration of the public works department. It revealed that the province, aside from the above matters, had been deprived of the benefit of more than \$100,000 for its roads because Hon. W. A. Fallow failed to meet the conditions that could have been met, which were laid down by the dominion government.

It now remains to be seen how consistent Premier Aberhart is going to be in his method of dealing with his cabinet ministers. When, in his opinion, Mr. W. N. Chant, then minister of agriculture, did not show sufficient "aggressiveness and efficiency" he was invited in the most autocratic manner to resign. Now, Mr. Fallow has been declared guilty of incompetence and neglect in his department by a more competent judge than Premier Aberhart. What will the premier do?

The second event of interest was the preliminary trial of G. F. Powell, expert adviser of the Alberta government, and the late Mr. Urwin, government whip in the legislature, on charges of seditious libel, "seditious libel" knowing it to be false and of counselling to murder. The hearing was held before Magistrate A. H. Gibson in the Edmonton police court, and both men were committed on the evidence presented to appear at the next sitting of the criminal supreme court on November 8.

Evidence given by Urwin in the trial of Powell showed that he had received "copy" of the pamphlet complained of, entitled "Bankers' Ties" and counselling to "Exterminate them," from Mr. Powell, thus connecting the English expert with the case. Matters relating to the three bills now before the Ottawa cabinet for disposal are not complete at the time this is written, but it is clear that the dominion government has been barded with letters from individual Social Crediters, demanding that "Alberta be left alone." On the other hand large numbers of public bodies have written to the Ottawa government demanding that Alberta be dealt with as a part of the Dominion of Canada and not as "left alone."

One of the acts to which the provincial government seeks assent is in complete defiance of the Dominion and it is a bill "to amend the Credit of Alberta Regulation act," and in its last section it provides for the "recall of the Credit of Alberta Regulation Act," whereas there is no such act which can be amended or consolidated or repealed. The Dominion government disallowed that act and it therefore does not exist.

Much interest is being taken in the action of the Dominion with regard to the press act, which would place the press of Alberta under the thumb of the provincial government with power given an inexperienced person—chairman of the Social Credit board, who by the way also was to have a large share of supervision over banks and banking under provisions of another bill. Surely one would think this man would be delighted to get out from under, if the government's bills do not get past Ottawa's.

If the Dominion refuses to give assent to this act, it would be a matter of some significance.



"Serve the Church that the Church May Serve You."

## CENTRAL UNITED CHURCH

Rev. Albert E. Larke, Minister

11 a.m.—Senior Sunday School.  
2 p.m.—Junior Sunday School.  
7:30 p.m.—Public Worship.  
Wednesdays at 8 p.m.—Prayer Service.

## REGULAR BAPTISTS

Pastor J. W. MacDonald, Minister

In the Union Hall.  
Services Sunday next:  
11 a.m.—Morning service.  
7:30 p.m.—Evening service.  
Thursday, 7:30 p.m.—Prayer and Bible study.  
You are cordially invited to our services.

## ST. LUKE'S CHURCH NOTES

Rev. A. S. Parlington, B.A., Rector

Sunday services:  
10:00 a.m.—Sunday School.  
7:30 p.m.—Evening service.

## THE SALVATION ARMY

Coleman, Alberta

Lieutenants Mattison and Hewitt

Sunday services: Directory class at 10:30 a.m. Sunday school 3 p.m. Salvation meeting 7:30 p.m. Come and enjoy an hour in God's house.  
Monday at 7 p.m.: Y. P. Legion.  
Tuesday, 7 p.m.: Home League, all ladies are heartily invited to attend.  
Friday, 7 p.m.: Young people's meeting.

ter, not of the act being ultra vires, but because it is against public policy—in violation of one of the primary fundamental rights and rules of British freedom, even though that rule and those rights are not written in the constitution.

But the main question is and will be for some time: "When will there be an election?" Only Premier Aberhart and the deity know. If the government of Alberta was to act by the rules that have always held in political affairs and in the affairs of British government for generations and these carried any weight with the premier, his even though that rule and those rights are not written in the constitution.

It is safe to say there will be no election now because the much advertised Blue Plaques, are not coming in sufficient numbers to warrant expectations of victory at the polls—this despite the Sunday announcements of the premier, who it is to be noted does not give the figures in connection with the Blue Plaques sent in. That is significant.

## OPENING MONDAY MORNING AT 9 O'CLOCK

## Thirteenth Annual CROWS' NEST PASS

## Musica Festival

COLUMBUS HALL, BLAIRMORE

MONDAY Nov. 1 TUESDAY Nov. 2 WEDNESDAY Nov. 3

COMPETITIONS IN Piano - Violin - Vocal - Band - Choir - Choruses - Orchestra Quartet - Open Solo - Etc.

## THREE PROGRAMMES DAILY

Mornings at 9 o'clock — Afternoons at 2 o'clock

Admission: Adults 25c, Children 15c

Evenings at 7:30: Adults 50c, Children 25c

Address all Enquiries to Mrs. J. H. Farmer, Secretary, Blairmore, Alberta. — Telephone 168

## OUR PAY-DAY CASH SPECIALS

ALL CHOICE QUALITY MEATS ONLY

Boiling Beef ..... 3 lbs 25c  
Hamburger ..... 3 lbs 25c  
Round Steak ..... 2 lbs 25c

### Choice Baby Beef

Loin ..... Lb 23c  
Leg ..... Lb 18c  
Shoulder Roast ..... Lb 12c  
Boned and Rolled ..... Lb 25c

### No. 1 Lamb

Shoulder, whole only ..... Lb 15c  
Leg or Loin ..... Lb 25c

### Grain Fed Pork

Leg Roast ..... Lb 25c  
Shoulder ..... Lb 20c  
Pork Sausage ..... 2 lbs 35c  
Wieners ..... 2 lbs 35c  
Bologna ..... 2 lbs 25c  
Tripe ..... 2 lbs 25c  
Home Cured Pork ..... Lb 20c  
Head Cheese ..... Lb 15c  
Beef Dripping ..... 3 lbs 25c  
Pears ..... Basket 25c  
Grapes ..... 2 lbs 25c  
Bananas ..... 2 lbs 25c

Fresh Milk Every Morning

Fresh Fish Direct from Vancouver every Thursday.

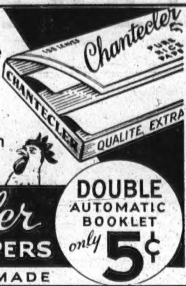
FRESH EGGS CHICKEN LARD BUTTER

CENTRAL MEAT MARKET

Phone 284 V. KRIVSKY, Prop. P. O. Box 32

Cock-a-DOUBLE-doo  
There's DOUBLE pleasure  
Too—  
For every smoker  
Everywhere  
Who rolls his own with  
Chantecler!

**Chantecler**  
CIGARETTE PAPERS  
NONE FINER MADE



## Seeding From The Skies

Introducing to the farmers of the prairie provinces, to say the least, is the information that in Soviet Russia grain and grass seed is being planted at the rate of 400 acres an hour by the use of aeroplanes and still more alluring is the suggestion that this method could "easily be used" to seed the broad fields of the wide open spaces in Western Canada.

Both information and suggestion were promulgated by J. A. Stiles, O.B.E., Executive Commissioner of the Boy Scouts in Canada and former Dean of Applied Science at the University of Fredericton, New Brunswick, at a recent luncheon meeting in Regina. He volunteered the additional information that this method of seeding grain as adopted in Russia has the advantage of making it possible to seed fields covered with snow or mixed after rains.

While credence must be given to the Dean's statement that this practice has been, or is being, adopted in Russia, a good deal more information as to the conditions under which this operation is carried out and the results achieved therefrom before due weight could be given to his complicated suggestion that the Canadian west lends itself to this method of seeding grain, principally because of the flatness of the country "landings could be made easily."

On the face of it there must necessarily be many factors, other than ease of landing, before this system of seeding could be pronounced a feasible plan for the Western Canadian farmer as a general thing.

For instance, it would be interesting to know whether in Russia the method has been adopted only in one or two isolated instances where special circumstances and conditions conspired to make it a feasibility, economic and otherwise as, for example, on one of those large collectivist farms where the area is measured in square miles rather than in acres, and whether even on these huge farms the method is only in an experimental stage or was used as an emergency measure, to speed up production in accord with a government quota.

It would be interesting, too, to know the results of the work carried on in Russia with an aeroplane travelling perhaps at 100 miles an hour or more blasting seed over the countryside in large quantities. Is it possible to broadcast seed in this manner from the fast travelling motor-propelled vehicle somewhere between earth and clouds without wasting large quantities of seed? Can grain seeded this way be distributed thinly and evenly as it can be by a horse-drawn or even a tractor-drawn drill?

These are some of the questions the Western Canadian farmer would like to have answered before he would be prepared to nod acquiescence to the good Dean's suggestion that such a method could easily be applied in this country.

And even if these questions were answered favorably to the plan and to the satisfaction of the interrogator, there are others which would have to be answered satisfactorily before the Western Canadian farmer could be expected to warmly espouse the Dean's somewhat novel suggestion.

It is obvious, for instance, that the average three quarter section or section farmer could not afford to purchase an aeroplane to seed his crop for that would be the only agricultural operation for which it could be used, except perhaps to spray the fields with insecticide or poison bait. The cost would be prohibitive in proportion to the return, no matter how good the yield and how high the price of grain. If it is to be adopted, therefore, it would have to be a custom proposition, if the average farmer is to be able to avail himself of this method of seeding.

If, therefore, such a system of seeding is to be adopted, to be of benefit to the average farmer it would either necessitate its operation by a large number of farmers on a co-operative basis or by some private individual or corporation willing to run the risk of making what must necessarily be a substantial investment remunerative. If the latter, it might necessitate a charge for seeding out of proportion to the benefits derived from fast seeding when conditions are ideal for germination of seed scattered from the skies.

There are, of course, advantages which could be credited to the seeding of grain fields by aeroplane. The speed with which it could be done and the large acreage which could be covered in a few hours would make it possible to put in a lot of crop when soil and moisture conditions are most receptive for the seed, but the factors in query and perhaps others would have to be first answered favorably before such a method could become general practice in Western Canadian grain fields.

It is predictable that a great deal more information will have to be secured on this subject before the farmers of this country will take the chance of adopting Mr. Stiles' proposal.

### Will Visit Provinces

So much of this Coronation year has been spent by the King in London that next year will be more or less devoted to the provinces. Tentative arrangements have been made for His Majesty to visit Nottinghamshire and Lancashire, probably in the spring, though no dates have been fixed, reports the Daily Sketch. There will also be a visit to the Duchy of Cornwall.

### Looks That Way

Jones—I must have been born unlucky.  
Friend—Why?  
Jones—Well, I was at a football match yesterday and there were 22 players and a referee on the field, about 20,000 spectators on the ground, and the ball hit me.

### Enough For Superstitions

A diamond fell out of the crown that the king was wearing during the coronation of George III, of England. When a score of years later, the American colonies seceded, superstition pointed back to this incident.

Nearly 3,000 anglers entrain regularly every Sunday morning at Sheffield, England, for their favorite fishing spots.

Never allow silver spoons stained with egg to stand. Put them into cold water to soak as soon as they are removed from the table.

The main ship channels of New York harbor are kept free of mud and silt through the use of dredges.

You're Always Sure when you bake with

**PURITY FLOUR**  
Best for all your Baking

### Freedom Of Speech

Sir Edward Beatty Makes Appeal Before Students At Queen's University

Sir Edward Beatty, president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and chancellor of McGill University, told a convocation gathering at Queen's University that "I am appealing for freedom of thought and speech, but within the limits of accurate knowledge, sound logic, a sense of responsibility and the ordinary amenities of public life in a civilized community."

Principal speaker at the convocation, Sir Edward was recipient of an honorary LL.D. degree. He recalled his appointment as chancellor of Queen's in 1919 and the fact he was chancellor of both Queen's and McGill from 1921 to 1923.

University heads had been charged with attempting to limit freedom of speech and repressing liberty of thought, Sir Edward asserted in discussing the subject which formed the main part of his address. Nothing could be more untrue than the charge, he said.

"I have myself said, and I shall say again, that liberty of speech and thought are sacred, and nowhere is this truth more important than in the life of our universities," he continued. But Sir Edward contended there were limits within which these liberties may be exercised.

"It is equally foolish and equally wrong to proceed on the assumption that this freedom and these liberties do not carry with them the obligation of seeing that they are not destroyed by the intemperance and irresponsibility of us as individuals."

### South Seas Mystery

Island Found Deserted Was Prolific Source Of Guano

The schooner Denys ran into a moldy South Seas mystery recently on a visit to Malden Island, 1,500 miles south of Hawaii.

Malden, a prolific source of guano which readily brought fortune to a canny, but wandering sea captain, was found deserted under what looked like unusual circumstances.

The captain of the Denys reported finding large warehouses filled with merchandise of every description, and numerous indications of a hurried departure by persons who supposedly had been harvesting wealth in the guano trade.

Malden was discovered in 1848 by an American whaling captain. He noted the wealth of guano and decided to return and exploit it.

In the meantime another whaling boat came along. Her captain got the same idea but instead of devoting, threw his whaling plans overboard, sailed for Sydney and sold his discovery there for a comfortable sum of money.

The purchasing company worked the island for decades and was said to have amassed a great fortune.

But the Denys found Malden inhabited only by pigs and sea birds. That's all anyone knows.

### Boy Overcoming Handicap

Brave Lad Lost Both Arms In Accident Seven Years Ago

Wiaraton, Ontario, has a 14-year-old boy who plays football, umpires baseball is skilled at drawing, writes well, rides a bicycle and has his share of fun. Nothing unusual about that. But in this case the boy is Bert Rouse who lost both his arms as the result of an accident seven years ago.

"They can who think they can" is the motto Bert holds before himself. It was inscribed in a book written by W. R. Watson, business man who lost his arms early in life, and who sent Bert a copy of the work. When Bert was seven years old he grabbed seven carrying 6,000 volts while playing on a roof. Amputation of both arms was necessary.

Bert still has trouble eating and dressing but he thinks he soon will have mastered these arts. He writes and draws with a pencil held in his teeth. He even goes fishing, holding the pole between his chin and the side of his neck.

"I have been putting in the future, and intends to make his own way. "Something will open up by the time I leave school," he said. "I know it will."

"Why have you no speedometer on your car?"  
"I don't need one. At thirty miles an hour the humps clatter; at forty the wings rattle; at fifty the whole car shakes; and if I go any quicker than that my teeth chatter."

A turtle, when active, can refrain from breathing for a day or two. When hibernating, it can live for months without breathing.

A Manchurian breed of hen lays quarter-pound eggs.

### Streets Of Gold

Unique Tourist Attraction Is Furnished By Dawson City

Dawson City, Yukon Territory, boasts a unique and somewhat startling tourist attraction. Streets of gold! After the recovery of the main gold content of gravel originally washed down from high levels above the Klondike Valley by a process of hydraulic operations, hundreds of tons of waste or "tailings" in which a trace of gold still remains were used to grade the roads in and around the town. Of course, the actual gold content remaining is exceedingly small, but nevertheless the streets of Dawson are literally paved with gold.

Now a town of about a thousand souls, Dawson was in the heyday of the famous Klondike gold rush a city of about 40,000 population. The original miners dug for gold with picks and shovels and washed out their "pay dirt" in rockers or sluices. To-day huge hydraulic dredges are in operation in the Klondike area and the salvage of gold has become a fine art of all sizes and shapes. At one time all this junk was simply thrown away, but a few years ago an engineer in charge of the recovery process in an experimental mood decided to treat the waste material of bullets shot and small pieces of metal. As a result of this experiment pure gold worth several hundred dollars was recovered, and now all bullets, shells, and bits of metal are carefully salvaged and treated to extract every last bit of wealth.

In common with other cities and towns Dawson has its parking and traffic problems. Scores of cars and trucks of all sorts clutter up the streets and trails of odds and ends of the famous "creaks" in the Klondike gold fields can be reached by motor car over a network of excellent roads.

### A Troopship De Luxe

British Soldiers Will Enjoy Liner Comforts On New Boat

British soldiers sent to distant stations in the Empire or on foreign service who are fortunate enough to be transported on the troopship Dunera will travel in comfort luxurious for such vessels.

The vessel, of 11,160 tons, has been built for the British India Steam Navigation Company at a cost of \$2,500,000 and has just completed her trial trips on the Clyde.

The cabins are actually larger than the staterooms in many big liners. The vessel is completely equipped with a system of ventilation which is in use in the majority of the first-class liners. The troops' quarters are light and airy, the public rooms in the first-class are luxuriously furnished, and accommodation in the family quarters includes a food-preparing room for parents with children, special ironing rooms and three-birth rooms in which are sofas convertible into cots for children.

Every cabin on the ship has a private toilet and every bathroom has a fan and a shower bath. The Dunera will probably be engaged in the passenger cruising service when not required for transport purposes.

### A Statue Of Livingstone

Has Found A Permanent Home In Southern Rhodesia

The life-sized marble statue of David Livingstone which for some years was housed at the Glasgow University and was last year shipped to Southern Rhodesia, has found a permanent home in the courtyard of the new government offices which are being built in Salisbury. After a thorough cleaning it will remain there for all time in the pure Rhodesian air.

The statue shows Livingstone in stride, spurning chains and manacles as the symbols of slavery. The sculptor—by the way his name is something of a mystery—shows Livingstone's many interests by putting a bundle of papers in his left hand, and a sextant in his right, while a Bible peeps out of his pocket.—Edinburgh Scotsman.

### The Utmost In Economy

MacPherson and his neighbor were discussing economy.  
"What price do you pay for coal?" asked Joe.  
"Oh, we digna use coal. We have central heating."  
"But you need coal for central heating!"  
"Not us. We use peppermint!"

There are more than 15,000 apple trees in England, yet the country imports 337,000 tons of apples every year.

## THE FACTOR LASTS



### ALICE STEVENS' RECIPES

DO YOU KNOW HOW TO HANG PICTURES IN YOUR HOME?

Do you have to look up at the pictures in your living-room? If you do, they are not hung correctly. The centre of the picture should be on a level with the eye, so that the picture can be seen to proper advantage. The centre of the pictures on the same wall, should be in a line rather than the tops or the bottoms.

Do your pictures lie flat against the wall or are they tilted out? They should be flat against the wall, otherwise the picture seems unnatural.

Do you see only the picture or is your attention divided between the wire and the picture? There should not be one wire formed into a V over a hook. There should be two wires used for heavy pictures and for small pictures no wire at all should be seen.

Do your pictures show up against their background or is there too much design in your wall covering? A small quiet design is best for wall-paper.

Do your pictures fit the wall space in which they are hung? A wide picture should not be placed in a small space between two windows. Do you have too many pictures on your walls? It is much better to avoid overcrowding. Put some of the extra pictures away and get them out later for a change.

Do your pictures express your personality? You are judged by the pictures found in your home. Have you some copies of good prints? Do your pictures express beauty or tell a story?

Readers are invited to write to Alice Stevens' Home Service for free advice on home cooking and household problems. Address letters to Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man.

### Woolen Mill Opened

Rural Manitoba Town Establishes A New Industry

An event of more than passing interest, and one that may have important results in the economic development of the West, took place at Sifton, Man., when the new factory of the Spin-Well Woolens Ltd. was officially opened by two Manitoba cabinet ministers.

The building is 100 feet long, 40 feet wide, two stories in height, with a concrete boiler room attached. The factory is fully equipped and is producing wool batts, yarn, men's socks, comforters, sleeping robes, and will be producing blankets shortly. The wool washing and drying equipment is capable of a production of 100 pounds per hour. This large washing and drying capacity is one of considerable interest to farmers as it enables the company to give very quick service on custom work, which is a large part of the business being done.

The official opening took place on October 14th, the Hon. I. B. Girdwood, Minister of Health and Public Welfare, officiating. He was accompanied by the Hon. W. R. Clubb, Minister of Public Works, and the Hon. R. Hawkins, Speaker of the House. The Hon. W. R. Clubb in his remarks complimented the directors on their initiative and enterprise. As he is the minister responsible for the administration of relief, he stated he was extremely gratified to see what had been done in Sifton to create employment and hoped that other points would take notice of this development, as he could see how the problem of unemployment could be solved to a great extent through the establishment of industry using the products of the farm.

### Wasted Effort

The canvasser called at the voter's door and was duly invited inside. At once he presented his act.

"I'm convinced," he said. "There's no answer to your arguments. I'd vote for the watchdog of the treasury you represent only for one thing."

"What's that, sir?"

"My name is not on the voters' list."

To hatch the egg of a hen, a temperature of 104 degrees Fahrenheit sustained for a period of three weeks is necessary.

### System Is Efficient

Poultry Being Raised Along Sky-scrappers Of New York

City born-and-bred chickens are likely to replace the barnyard variety throughout most of the "built-up" area of the United States. Poultry raising and the skyscrapers of New York is now being carried on with the full approval of the city's health departments. The fowls are incubated, hatched out, and spend the whole of their lives in small metal containers, and when they fail to lay a profitable number of eggs, they are killed, dressed and marketed all in the same building.

One large New York hotel supplies its dining rooms with broilers and eggs produced in its own plant, situated on the roof.

So efficient and labor-saving is this system that it is claimed that one attendant can care for 15,000 birds. Each hen is housed in a separate small metal box. When she lays an egg it drops into a collecting box—Armchair Science (London).

### Piper Must Be Paid

Governments Have To Raise Money For Public Services

Nowhere is there any great upsurge of public demand to restrict or reduce services which municipal governments perform. Virtually every municipal body is constantly facing demands for increased services, but there seems never to go with that demand any realization that the cost of such expansion must be met. Frequently, too, original appropriations for new services may be small, but entail commitments for larger expenditures in the future. If tax limits are to be imposed, it seems only equitable that there should be a limit, too, on the number, kind and quality of services a municipality is to furnish.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

### A Long Service Record

Speaking of long service records, here's one to shoot at: At West Nyack, England, a man has completed 67 years as superintendent of the Methodist Sunday School.

In the torrid zone, where the world's heaviest rainfall takes place, the new monsoon always "ties on its back" in the position popularly called the dry monsoon.

Cotton is cultivated in 19 states of the Union.

**I LEARNED TO BEAT ACID INDIGESTION**

ONCE LIFE WAS MISERABLE... NO APPETITE... LITTLE SLEEP...UNTIL THE DOCTOR SAID 'ALKALIZE!'

**BUT NOW—AT THE FIRST SIGN OF ACID-INDIGESTION I USE PHILLIPS' AND I FEEL LIKE A NEW PERSON ALMOST IMMEDIATELY!**

The fastest way to "alkalize" is to carry your alkali with you. That's what thousands do now that genuine Phillips' comes in tiny, peppermint flavored tablets—in a flat tin for pocket or purse. Then you are always ready.

Use it this way. Take 2 Phillips' tablets—equal in "alkalizing" effect to 2 teaspoonfuls of liquid Phillips' from the bottle. At once you feel "easy." nausea, "over-crowding" from hyper-acidity begin to ease. Acid headaches, acid breath and over-acid stomach are corrected at the source. This is the quick way to ease your own distress—avoid offense to others.



MADE IN CANADA



## MISTAKE TO USE SANCTIONS SAYS CHAMBERLAIN

London.—Terminating talk of economic sanctions, economic pressure and force in the Sino-Japanese embargo a "mistake," Prime Minister Chamberlain told the House of Commons that Great Britain would seek a "peaceful solution of the problem" at the coming nine-power conference.

He also told the commons repeated and most categorical assurances had come from the Italian government that it had no intentions of annexing Spanish territory.

When this provoked derisive laughter from the opposition benches the prime minister added:

"I accept these assurances as being given in good faith. I am very glad they have been given. They relieve us of the necessity of considering a situation which, if it had arisen, might have made a material change in the military conditions of the western Mediterranean and would have been a matter of serious concern to His Majesty's government."

The prime minister wound up a long and searching debate on foreign affairs in the first session of the commons following the summer recess.

After he spoke the house approved a government motion to adjourn by a vote of 204 to 111. Labor voted against the motion to register its disapproval of the government's policy in Spain and the far east.

Mr. Chamberlain said he resented a Labor charge that the government's policy aided the Spanish insurgents and drew cheers when he revealed British ships, under the protection of the British navy, had removed 30,000 refugees from the town of Gijón, which fell to the insurgent forces.

It was a full-dress debate the commons heard, with representatives of the diplomatic corps and as many of the public as could crowd into the galleries listening intently.

Foreign Secretary Eden reiterated the government wanted to take no side in Spain and promised "there will be no interference on the part of the British government where it is clear that vital British interests are concerned"—such as keeping the Mediterranean open.

Sir Archibald Sinclair, opposition Liberal leader, made an appeal for close co-operation with the United States when the powers met at Brussels the end of this month to seek a solution of the Sino-Japanese hostilities. If an appeal for mediation failed, he said, economic pressure must be prepared with sufficient force to make it effective.

"We cannot go alone," Sir Archibald added. "The country that must take the lead... must be the United States with her immense interests in the far east and without our pre-occupation in Europe. But I do beg the government to make it clear that if the United States act then we ought to stand by them and act with them."

The prime minister said it would be a mistake for Britain to go to Brussels talking about "economic sanctions, economic pressure and force."

"We will go there to make peace, and the first thing we have to do is to see what concerted effort can be brought to bear in order to bring about a peaceful solution of that problem," he declared.

He said he understood Mr. Attlee was suggesting an economic and financial boycott of Japan. In that case, Mr. Chamberlain said, "you must bear in mind that if you are going to do that there may be some counter-action by Japan and... you must be assured beforehand of sufficient force to enable you to overwhelm that counter-action."

Mr. Attlee prompted this reply by stating he was convinced Japanese economy was extremely vulnerable and a show of firmness would end the invasion of China. He asserted economic pressure on Japan would not more bring war than did the Nyon conference on piracy in the Mediterranean.

An embargo on oil, Mr. Attlee said, would certainly end Japan's aggression.

Taking up a charge by Mr. Attlee that Japan would not have embarked on her Chinese adventure had Great Britain stood by the League of Nations, the prime minister said the league "as it is at present is not a guarantee against aggression and, pending rejuvenation of the league, and the league's development into an effective instrument, it is no use simply going on repeating 'we believe in the league'."

"We have got to find a practical means of restoring peace in the world," he declared.

## World Wheat King

Samuel Larcombe, Famed Agriculturist, Dies in Hospital At Birtle, Man.—Samuel Larcombe, "grand old man" of western Canada agriculture and world wheat king in 1917, died in hospital here October 20.

The 85-year-old retired farmer, famed as the producer of Axminster wheat, a rust-resistant variety, was brought to hospital suffering injuries received after a fall. Pneumonia developed and he sank rapidly.

Besides growing the world rust-resistant wheat in 1912, Mr. Larcombe won 3,000 prizes for soil products in his 43 years of farming in Manitoba. His farming career was capped with victory at the International Grain Exposition at Peoria, Ill., in 1917 when he was crowned wheat king.

Born in Musbury village, near Axminster, Devon, April 9, 1851, he began work on a farm with his father at the age of nine as an experienced gardener. In 1889 he came to Canada, becoming a homesteader at Birtle, 180 miles west of Winnipeg.

On three occasions he won the newspaper prize for the best soil products exhibited by any individual at international shows. In 1918 he took top honors at the World's Soil Products exhibition at Kansas City, Mo., and again at exhibition in Winnipeg during 1919 and 1920.

For his brilliant achievements Mr. Larcombe was honored on many occasions. During the last session of the Manitoba legislature a resolution was passed commending him for his 50th birthday and thanking him for his valuable, devoted and sacrificing services to agriculture.

## Restored To List

Hon. Howard Ferguson and Colonel Drew Are King's Counsels

Toronto.—Attorney-General Gordon Conant announced that names of Hon. G. Howard Ferguson, former Canadian high commissioner to London, and Col. George A. Drew, former Ontario agriculture commissioner, had been restored to the list of king's counsels.

In creating Mr. Ferguson and Col. Drew king's counsel we are doing so in recognition of their services to the province and without any relation to any previous action in connection with this distinction, the attorney-general said.

They were made K.C.'s several years ago. Mr. Ferguson and Col. Drew were dropped from the rolls for failure to pay the fees required to lift their patents.

Attorney-General Conant also announced that Hon. Eric Cross, minister of public welfare and municipal affairs in the new Heppburn government, had been created a K.C.

## Data Being Gathered

Work Well Under Way For Royal Commission Sitings

Ottawa.—While the staff of the Royal Commission on Dominion-Provincial Relations has not yet been completely assembled, much work preparatory to the commission's first public sittings the end of next month at Winnipeg is already under way, it was learned.

Since the commission's purpose is primarily a study of taxing power and financial responsibilities of the Dominion and provincial governments, questionnaires have already been sent from which officials have an accurate picture of the financial history and tax resources of the provinces may be compiled. This work has been conducted by an unidentified authority on provincial accounts.

## Seek Haven In England

Exiles From Ethiopia Are Planning To Leave Palestine

Jerusalem.—Beast by financial difficulties, a number of Ethiopian exiles residing in Palestine plan to sell their jewels and other valuables and seek haven in England, it was reported.

The exiles include a number of high personages attached to Emperor Haile Selassie's court before the Italian invasion brought about its collapse. The eldest daughter of the negus, Princess Tannagne, widow of Ras Desta Damtu, ranking Ethiopian commander, who was executed by the Italians early this year, is among the exiles.

## Scored In Rodeo Contest

New York.—After a spirited ride on Separator, Violet Clement of Edmonton, scored a victory in the cowgirl's bronc riding contest in the world championship rodeo, at Madison Square Garden.

## King George Visits York

Civic Officials Receive First Reigning Monarch, Dies In 1940

York.—The king and queen were formally received at the railway station here by civic officials on the occasion of the first visit of a reigning sovereign since 1640.

First occupant of the throne to visit York since Charles I., the king was presented with the city's sword by Lord Mayor Morris "in humble testimony of our obedience."

The princess royal and her husband, the Earl of Harewood, greeted Their Majesties here and, after tea with the lord mayor, Their Majesties drove to Harewood House, where they had dinner. Among other guests was the archbishop of York.

## JAPAN MAKING SLOW PROGRESS IN SHANGHAI AREA

Shanghai.—Ten weeks after the opening of the Japanese offensive, the military situation in the Shanghai area remains at a stalemate.

The Chinese have suffered about 100,000 casualties against 30,000 Japanese killed or wounded, but the Chinese lines have held.

British military and naval observers are not impressed with the Japanese infantry or with the tactics, equipment and marksmanship of Japan's army or air force. It is explained, however, that the Japanese are operating on the most difficult terrain and are hampered by heavy rain.

The Chinese forces themselves are surprised at their feat in holding the Japanese. The Chinese morale is unshaken despite daily bombings and shelling, and the lack of organization to deal with their wounded.

The Reuters correspondent, however, believes it inevitable the Japanese will force back the Chinese from the Shanghai area. But it was impossible to make predictions how much time the drive will take.

British merchants are philosophically facing huge losses from destruction of their property and the stagnation of business.

Shanghai is a beleaguered city containing at least 1,000,000 Chinese refugees with its international and French settlements.

In the opinion of Britons here, the Japanese military and naval authorities have done their utmost to avoid damaging British property. Japanese bombardments from aeroplanes have been directed at Chinese communications, railways, troop concentrations and anti-aircraft batteries, but the Japanese marksmanship, although superior to the Chinese, is inaccurate.

All indications here point to a long struggle with its length depending upon the quantity of supplies and ammunition available to the Chinese forces and the effectiveness of Japan's blockade which seeks to prevent such supplies reaching the Chinese.

## What The Press Could Do

Toronto.—If the newspapers could give the same attention to the diphtheria menace as to the infantile paralysis epidemic, this disease—which took 35 lives in Ontario last year—would soon be wiped out, said Dr. B. T. McChie, Ontario deputy health minister, speaking to the Local Council of Women.

## NEW HEAD OF MCGILL



Dr. Lewis W. Douglas, newly appointed Principal of McGill University, Montreal. He is a former Roosevelt "brain trust" and broke with the President in 1934 when he thought the New Deal was "slipping toward the left."

## Unrest In Palestine

Wave Of Terrorism Continues In Holy Land

Jerusalem.—Elusive snipers kept alive the wave of terrorism in the Holy Land by a series of attacks in hallowed Biblical settings.

The new attacks were a continuation of the outbreaks which have resulted in 39 deaths—six Jews and 33 Arabs—since Great Britain, as mandatory power, proposed the partition of Palestine, July 7.

Snipers peppered bullets about a police station near the Church of the Nativity at Bethlehem. Police returned the fire, but no casualties were reported.

A bomb was thrown at a group of Jewish constables as they entered the police station at Safed, a small town north of the Biblical city of Capernaum. The bomb exploded harmlessly nearby.

Snipers shot 11 bullets at a kosher abattoir in the valley below the Mount of Olives, causing a partial shortage of kosher meat in the community.

The border between Syria and Palestine was closed, according to a despatch from Beirut, and Count Damien Demartel, French high commissioner for Syria, requested the Syrian government to prevent anti-British demonstrations and propaganda. The border between Lebanon and Palestine was not closed, but travellers were examined closely.

## British Scientist Dead

Lord Rutherford Worked Many Years On Various Problems

Cambridge.—Lord Rutherford, one of the world's leading physicists and director of Cambridge University's famous Cavendish Laboratory for the past 18 years, died recently, aged 66.

Lord Rutherford was Macdonald professor of physics at McGill University, Montreal, from 1888 to 1907.

Lord Rutherford had worked unobtrusively but intensively for more than 30 years on the problems of radio-activity, transmutation of elements and the splitting of the atom.

The scientist, a native of Nelson, New Zealand, was knighted in 1914, when he was known as Sir Ernest Rutherford. He was created a baron in 1931. In 1925 he received from King George V. the coveted Order of Merit.

## FAMOUS WAR GENERALS TOGETHER



This excellent photograph, taken at the dedication of the American war memorial at Chateau-Thierry, shows two of the commanders in the great conflict, Marshal Pétain (left) of France, and General John J. Pershing (right), commander of the U.S. expeditionary forces.

## High Grade Wheat

Western Canada.—Spring Wheat Superior To Any Other

Winnipeg.—Western Canada hard red spring wheat is recognized universally as the strongest wheat in commerce because its protein content averages higher and quality of its flour protein is superior to any other wheat, the Turgon royal grain commission was told by Dr. W. F. Geddes of Winnipeg.

Chief chemist of the board of grain commissioners, Dr. Geddes explained importance of protein and gluten to the wheat market. Proteins are organic compounds always containing carbon, hydrogen, oxygen and nitrogen.

The proteins of the wheat endosperm possess the characteristic property of forming gluten when mixed with water," he said. "Gluten is a tenacious elastic material which forms the skeletal structure of the dough and hence the quantity and quality of these proteins determine the ability of the dough to retain the gas produced by yeast fermentation."

Importance of flour proteins to good bread led to a flour test by washing gluten from dough, indicating quality "as reflected by its elasticity and extensibility," he said. A nitrogen test has since largely replaced the washing test.

## PLAN TO REMOVE FOREIGN TROOPS FROM SPAIN

London.—Europe's Fascist-Nazi front broke a deadlock over the presence of foreign soldiers in Spain and agreed to a scheme through the League of Nations to evacuate the government on the strengthened police administration.

The colonial secretary said effective action had been taken to deal with the violent groups cut of Jewish and Arab animosities. The government now felt free, he said, to undertake the investigation required before the division of the Holy Land into sovereign Arab and Jewish states and a British mandate.

Accordingly, he said, it was proposed to appoint a special body to investigate conditions in the Holy Land and submit a detailed scheme of partition along the general lines of the royal commission report.

Jews, meanwhile, protested a new draft ordinance restricting immigration of Jews and other foreigners to the Holy Land. The ordinance, carrying out one of a commission's proposals, empowered the high commissioner to grant a fixed number of immigration permits to March 31, 1938, instead of regulating immigration according to the country's capacity for economic absorption.

## WILL PROCEED WITH PARTITION OF PALESTINE

London.—Renewed terrorist violence was reported from Palestine as the secretary of state for colonial affairs, William Ormsby-Gore, told the House of Commons Great Britain intended to go ahead with the plan for a three-way partition of the Holy Land.

Despatches from Jerusalem told of new attacks at the Lydda airport, where severe punitive measures had been taken by the government following the burning of a bus. The Iraq oil pipeline was again punctured by shots near Belasan.

Police hunted the assailants of Avinoam Yellin, Cambridge-educated senior inspector of Jewish schools in the department and a British mandate who was shot and critically wounded as he was entering his Mount Zion office beside the old city wall.

On the Jaffa-Jerusalem road near Motza daylight ambushers attacked a Jewish police car. A British mandate of four Jews were injured by flying glass.

Mr. Ormsby-Gore disclosed the government was sending Sir Charles Tegart, former high officer of the Indian police, to Palestine to advise the government on the strengthened police administration.

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## Aeroplane Disaster

Youthful Trapper Tells Story Of Crash On Mountain Side

Salt Lake City.—A mountaineer—only eye-witness to the United States worst aeroplane disaster—told a vivid story of a transport pilot flying blindly through a mountain blizzard, then a terrific crash which killed 19 persons.

Height Proffit, youthful trapper from northeastern Utah's trackless wilderness, said he saw the United Air Lines' 21-passenger "Mainliner" barely miss towering pines in his backcountry, watched the craft's lights vanish in the storm, then heard it plough into a granite ridge.

Barred relatives visited a small mortuary in southwestern Wyoming's Evanston, identified and claimed the bodies.

A county sponsored investigation of the crash was conducted by Joseph Hopkins, corner of Summit county, Utah, where the crash occurred, brought an official verdict that "death was by accident."

## Best Growers Bonus

Lethbridge, Alta.—"Pay day" brought 1,000 beet growers in southern Alberta a bonus payment of \$38,000 on the 1936 crop. There were 208,000 tons of beet grown in the south country last year and the total payments to date is \$6 a ton. The initial payment on the 1937 crop will be made Nov. 1, covering deliveries up to Oct. 15.

## Development In Arctic

Windsor, Ont.—Canada is not far behind Russia in the development of its Arctic regions, Right Rev. A. L. Fleming, Bishop of the Arctic, said here. The day that will show the Canadian Arctic to be worth consideration is not far away, he thought.

## To Demonstrate Air Power

Paris.—France has decided to dispatch more than 80 first-line planes to North Africa—the greatest air force ever sent a French colony—for full manoeuvres demonstrating her air power to the Empire.

## To Visit London

Athens.—King George will leave shortly for a few weeks' visit to London, Paris and Rome, it was announced officially. It will be his first foreign tour since he was restored to the throne of Greece two years ago.

## THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

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BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA

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W. J. BARTLETT, PUBLISHER

Blairmore, Alta., Fri., Oct. 29, 1937

Last year, Canada remembered her war dead in so inspiring a fashion at Vimy—the memorial itself, the pilgrimage of veterans and mothers and wives, the participation of the King, the President of the French Republic, the Prime Minister—that every Canadian must feel pride in a duty so wholly and beautifully done.

Some expression of that feeling is very likely to be made by Canadians on November 11th this year, when, with the appeal of the Poppy Fund, the opportunity is given to render some measure of gratitude to those who, one might say, fell in the war but did not die.

For that, in effect, is what happened to many thousands of Canadian young men. Wounded, damaged in body and spirit, these multitudes of our fellow men have survived twenty years of pain and suffering, of distress, frustration and disappointment in the daily race of life, regardless of all the help government and municipalities can devise for them. On the basis of the indescribably beautiful memorial on Vimy Ridge, there are carried in the solid stone, the names of the 11,283 Canadian soldiers whose bodies have never been found, whose names do not appear on a headstone in any of the numerous Canadian cemeteries scattered over France and Flanders. Thus no man can forget them. The Poppy Fund, insofar as the funds it can raise permit, has attempted to see that no man of those living be forgotten. The things governments cannot undertake to supply, clothing, furniture, the simple amenities of comfort in a home, are the routine provisions of the Poppy Fund. It also meets certain kinds of emergencies, medical and domestic. Its work is practically all voluntary. It tries to be, on behalf of its countless contributors on Poppy Day, the good Samaritan to the forgotten fringes of the veteran problem.

The Canadian Legion which conducts the campaign in Canada is only one unit of the British Empire Service League, which on November 11th, in its world-wide associations in the British Empire, is selling poppies to follow Britons in every corner of the globe. The British peoples have their various national holidays and red letter days, but in the fight you make on Poppy Day you are sharing in a duty universally British.

Poignant reminder of those spacious days of glory and of grief, the "Poppy Day" once more recurs to prompt the citizens of this country in the duties they have inherited from the past generation. To Canadian youth in this year of grace, the deep red petals of the Poppy may not carry the same significance they bore to the youth of twenty years ago. The symbolism of sacrifice with which the Poppy has become charged is something to which the present generation succeeds only through the wistful memories of the aging men who fought their Country's battles, who suffered privations, endured long agonies and finally triumphed amid surroundings carpeted with poppies.

To wearer of this humble emblem on Poppy Day is to proclaim that amid all the jangling confusion through which this country is striving valiantly to penetrate, the heart and mind are nevertheless attracted to a sense of homage due to those men whose peace inspired 600,000 Canadians to offer themselves for service between 1914 and 1918; of which number more than 60,000 found graves in France and Belgium. It is over those graves that the Poppy blooms in perennial bloom.

The numbered dead were not strangers. They were young Canadians, some of them well known in this community, filled, even as the youth of today is filled, with the joy of living. So also were the 170,000 men who in 1937 bear upon their bodies the marks and scars of war; the disabled ex-service men who suffered disablement on behalf of Canada.

To manifest that proud recognition of their place in this country, to mark that tribute which is their due, Poppy Day has been set aside in order that all may join in recalling the Great Sorrow.

The Blood-red emblems distributed throughout Canada by the Canadian Legion's vast volunteer organization are the product of disabled veterans, men striving to maintain themselves in the Veterans Industries administered by the Dominion Government. To purchase a Poppy is a small thing. For every citizen to do so is a big thing.

LET US ALL WEAR A POPPY ON POPPY DAY.

The People's League stands ready to support any candidate chosen through the joint efforts of Liberal, Conservative and U.F.A. followers, and that stand is lending strength to the unity movement in Alberta. D. C. Drew, organizing secretary, stated in a radio address recently.

## A WORD ABOUT ALBERTA NEWSPAPERS

In an address prepared by Glen MacLachlan and read by Dr. J. L. MacPherson, S.C. member for Vegreville, at Edmonton, the former energetically defended the press control bill in an effort to show that it can't do what the act plainly says it can.

Of course, the theme of his song is that a kindly, gracious and benign Social Credit government would never even think of putting those nasty, harsh clauses into effect. Oh! not perish the thought. They are really only put in there as a part of the Social Credit strategy as an indication of what they could do if their gentle, christian hearts would let them.

In this address Mr. MacLachlan also dug up that old favorite chestnut of Premier Aberhart and his gang of talkers about the newspapers opposed to him and his party being all tools of big financial interests in the east. We as well as everybody else who is not a blind follower of the silly symphony known as Social Credit are getting rather fed up with the constant repetition of that old gag. Of course while we are all black sheep the worst of us are undoubtedly those two big bad wolves, the Calgary Herald and the Edmonton Journal. Now, while we hold no brief for those newspapers, and they appear perfectly capable of taking care of themselves, we do know the principles on which the Southern papers are run. And the main one is absolute local control. The policy of their papers is dictated by the men in charge locally who are familiar with matters in their own territory and are dependent upon to use their own best judgment to further the interests of the paper which they control and the community which it serves, for in the final analysis both are identical. They are not given dictation but they are expected to produce results; and no paper can be a success if it pursues a policy which is contrary to the best interests of the people upon whose support it has to depend.

As an example of the individual independence of the Southern chain of newspapers, we might point to the Ottawa Citizen, which is an ardent supporter of Social Credit. And we might add that if the Citizen isn't any better acquainted with the situation in Alberta than some of its articles would seem to indicate, it ought to send a special representative out here to study local conditions at first hand.

With regard to the other four daily newspapers of Alberta the Calgary Alberta, the Edmonton Bulletin, the Lethbridge Herald and the Medicine Hat News are all controlled by local men representing local capital and have no connection with what Social Crediters call the big financial interests of the east. And, whether we agree with their policy or not, we feel assured that all of those news-

papers conscientiously follow the course which they think is best for the welfare of their own community and the province in general.

That still leaves about 95 weekly newspapers to be considered, over 50 of whom are opposed more or less actively to the present government. Do Premier Aberhart and his confederates in their frenzied abuse of the press mean to intimidate that those 95 men are influenced by what he calls the big financial interests of the east in opposition to the happiness and prosperity of their fellow citizens and the welfare of their province. If not, what does influence them to oppose Social Credit? They are nearly all men or women who while poor in the world's goods and struggling often against adverse circumstances have still succeeded in attaining the respect and the confidence of the people among whom they reside. From the very nature of their occupation they know their troubles and they know their joys. They try if possible to help out in one and rejoice in the other. Through having to hear both sides of a question through all their career they realize more and more as time goes on that there are two sides to a question and that very few people are even completely right or completely wrong. And after the election they carried their tolerance into effect by almost universally stating that Premier Aberhart should be given the eighteen months he asked for to try and put his theory in effect. And criticism only developed when it was realized he was going to wreck the province with his theory in place of building it up. And further his harsh dictatorial manner, his course abuse of all those who differed from him and his attempts to bully and coerce everybody into doing as ordered alienated many, even of those who supported him originally. Those are the reasons Alberta weekly newspapers oppose the Aberhart gang. And to our mind it is one of the most damning indictments of Aberhart and his policy, that out of all the

## C-G-N HIGHLIGHTS

Week Ending November 6th

Daily except Sat. or Sun.

7:45 A.M. The Business News

8:00 A.M. The News

8:15 A.M. The News

8:30 A.M. The News

8:45 A.M. The News

9:00 A.M. The News

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5:00 P.M. The News

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## NO MONEY

The members of the Alberta Legislature have just drawn eighty dollars each as pay for passing legislation that still of them understand and fewer still can explain the reason for.

Meanwhile the people who in good faith placed their life savings in trust with the Alberta Government by purchasing provincial savings certificates or provincial bonds remain unpaid.

The government can find money to pay for a greatly swollen civil service, thus rewarding several hundred faithful and expectant followers. There are far more civil servants in Alberta today than at any time in its history.

It can find money to employ taxation experts from a foreign country to prepare a brief to submit to the Royal Commission on Federal Provincial relations and then decide, in a fit of spleen, not to present it.

It can support a proposal to supplant the Mounted Police by a provincial force subservient to itself, a move that in capital outlay alone would mean a capital expenditure of between one and two million dollars.

It can waste money on highway construction and on fruitless and unnecessary ministerial jaunts to Ottawa and Toronto, such as Mr. Low's recent trip to the Queen City in connection with a brief that is not to be presented.

It feels it can afford to engage an unranked "expert" from Great Britain for ten years at \$6,000 a year and pay him \$2,750 expenses to move himself and family out here.

It can establish a propaganda department at \$5,000 a year and have a newspaper supporter a nice job.

It can support an expensive "Social Credit" board and pay for a pleasant trip to London during Coronation time for one of its members. It is estimated by the Edmonton Journal that this board is costing the taxpayers of the province at least \$50,000 a year.

It can keep the premier and several of his ministers busy on political speaking tours, instead of devoting their attention to departmental duties for which they are most generously paid. Money for ministerial salaries is always available.

But it cannot find any money to provide interest on provincial savings certificates on which hundreds of deserving Alberta citizens are depending to keep them off relief.—Calgary Herald.

The marriage of Miss Mary Rinaldi to Mr. Ezra Ironmonger, both of Burmis, was solemnized by Rev. R. Up-ton at the Bellevue United church on Monday.

Thirty-four applications were received for positions as janitors with the Coleman school district. Appointments were made as follows: Frank Paterson and William Antrobus to central and high schools, Tom Brennan to West Coleman; Dave Sudworth and Jules Ancelet engaged as assistants on three months terms to alternate during the year. Each caretaker will receive \$100 a month.

Weeklies in Alberta he has not been able to secure the support of 5 per cent.

## IMPOSSIBLE WITH GAS OF 1910

The public debt to ingenuity and unceasing efforts of research engineers and men of science is nowhere better illustrated than in the story of gasoline.

Today's automobile engine would be impossible if it had to run on even the best kind of gasoline produced in 1910. In that year the average yield of gasoline from a barrel of crude oil was 4½ gallons. Now the yield is 19 gallons, more than four times as much.

In 1935, for instance, motorists of North America used between 18 and 19 billion gallons of gasoline and the refiners processed less than 975 million barrels of crude oil to get it. The best refining methods of 27 years ago could have produced from that crude oil not much more than 4 billion gallons—and that was all the gasoline there was in it.

To have furnished the additional 14 billion gallons of gasoline needed in 1935 by the refining methods of 1910, it would have required nearly 5 billion barrels more crude. To have

supplied by such methods the quality of gasoline needed by the modern car would have been impossible.

In India elephants assisted in the work of repairing a burst water main. The idea of training these animals as plumbers might be considered. They never forget.

## DENTISTRY

R. K. Lillie, D.D.S., L.D.S. Graduate N.U.D.S., Chicago

HOURLY: Coleman—Morning 9 to 12 Blairmore—Afternoon 1 to 6 Evenings by Appointment

PHONES: Both Office 2372—Residence 2388

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## BARGAIN

cent a mile

Trip to

CALGARY

AND RETURN

from BLAIRMORE

\$3.85

Correspondingly Low Fares from Intermediate Stations

Good Going

NOVEMBER 5-6

Return Until

NOVEMBER 8

Good in Coaches only. No baggage checked. For additional information and train schedule, consult Canadian Pacific Ticket Agent

Canadian Pacific

**FIVE SCOTS**

SELECT WHISKY

LOOK FOR THIS SEAL OF QUALITY ON ALL B.C. DISTILLERY PRODUCTS

**WARNING**

Please Break Bottle when empty

This advertisement is not inserted by the Alberta Liquor Control Board or by the Government of the Province of Alberta.

**Wine Worth While!**

Bright's CONCORD and Bright's CATAWBA are comparable in richness to foreign wines but lacking their prohibitive cost. Why not enjoy this fine port or delicious sherry at every dinner?

**Bright's Concord**

**Bright's Catawba**

**Bright's WINES**

THE FAMILY WINES FOR ALL THE FAMILY

26 oz. bottle .45 — Carton of six 26 oz. \$3.50

40 oz. bottle .90 — One gallon jar . \$2.75

Produced by T. G. Bright & Co., Limited, Niagara Falls.

This advertisement is not inserted by the Alberta Liquor Control Board or by the Government of the Province of Alberta.

**BEAL**

For Friendly Sparkle and Healthful Stimulation

This adv. not inserted by the Alberta Liquor Control Board or the Government of the Province of Alberta.



Time-will not permit this year, for us to publish the festival programmes in the paper as we have done in former years.

## Christmas... in the Old Country

**SPECIAL  
LOW  
RAIL  
Fares**

**Nov. 15 to Jan. 5**

**RETURN LIMIT  
5 MONTHS**

from Stations Edmonton,  
Calgary, Macleod and East

**Through Sleeping Cars  
to the Seaboard**

**MONTCLAIRE** Dec. 3  
**DUCHESS OF BEDFORD** Dec. 10  
**DUCHESS OF RICHMOND** Dec. 14  
**DUCHESS OF ATHOLL** Dec. 15  
Sailings from Halifax one  
day later.

For full information ask  
Ticket Agent

**Canadian Pacific**



## YOUR LITTLE SAVINGS... FINANCE MORTGAGE LOANS

**TENS** of thousands of Canadian farms and homes benefit from first mortgage loans made possible by the accumulated savings of Life Insurance policyholders.

For every borrower, there are six thrifty people who supply the necessary funds.

This fact affords a striking illustration of the "double duty" performed by Life Insurance dollars. Not only do they ensure financial security for the men, women and children of Canada, but they also help to build and finance their farms and homes.

Life Insurance companies exercise the greatest care in the selection of properties upon which mortgage loans are made. To safeguard the savings of policyholders, security of principal and interest is and must always be the first consideration.

**LIFE  
INSURANCE**  
GUARDIAN OF CANADIAN HOMES



### COWLEY HAPPENINGS

On Friday night last a number of young folk gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Snyder when they charivariated the newlyweds.

On Wednesday night of this week choir practice was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Eddie Smyth.

On Sunday at the United church, special vocal music was rendered, two selections being given by Mr. J. R. Wood, Mrs. Eddie Smyth, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Tustian and Mr. Arthur Tustian, with Mrs. Upton, of Bellevue, at the piano. At the closing of the services, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Tustian was christened, Barbara Mary.

Mrs. Gray has returned to her home in Calgary from paying a visit of a few days with her daughter Mrs. Harry Smyth.

Owing to sudden illness Mr. Arthur Brockwell was rushed to Calgary on Tuesday where he is a patient in the Belcher hospital.

A miscellaneous bridal shower was held on Wednesday night at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Poulsen, for Miss Ellen Scottton, whose marriage to Mr. Bustard, of Fincher Creek, will take place early in November.

During the world war, if anyone dared to ridicule the British North America Act, he would be taken out and shot. Too bad we haven't got some of the war-time laws in force today.—Ex.

### BELLEVUE HAPPENINGS

The whist drive held in the Catholic hall on Wednesday last, under the auspices of the Social Credit Group, was very well attended, there being 20 tables in play. The prizes for cards were won by Mrs. Fisher, sr., ladies' first; Mrs. J. Hill, ladies' second; Mr. L. Dambols, gent's first, and Mr. R. Glover, second. Following cards a very nice lunch was served by the ladies.

Mr. A. Brennan, of Honolulu, spent several days visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. Meade.

Miss Doris Chiarovano, who spent two weeks visiting her sister Esther, at Taber, returned to her home here on Sunday.

The death occurred on Thursday last at her home at the Riverbottom, of Mrs. P. Markosky. Mrs. Markosky, who had been in ill health for some time was in her 59th year. Mrs. Markosky has lived here for over 25 years. The remains were laid to rest on Sunday at 2:30, interment taking place in the Hillcrest Catholic cemetery, following a church service conducted by Father O'Dea. Mrs. Markosky is survived by her sorrowing husband, daughters Alice and Josephine, at home; Mrs. Malsanski, Mrs. Krystoff and son John, all of the Riverbottom, and two daughters in Peabody, Mass. The sympathy of the community is extended to the bereaved ones.

James Miller left for Vancouver on Monday, where he intends to spend the winter.

The home of Mrs. Wm. Cole, jr., was the scene of a nicely arranged miscellaneous shower on Tuesday evening, in honor of Miss Ella Roslo, bride elect of November. The evening was spent in whist and bridge, the prize for whist was won by Miss Caroline Kuryluk, and the bridge prize by Miss Erna McDonald. Following cards a very dainty luncheon was served by the hostess. Miss Roslo was then presented with a well filled basket of beautiful and useful gifts, and in a very pleasing manner thanked her assembled friends for their kindness.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Meade, accompanied by Mrs. D. McDonald and Miss M. Matkin, were week end visitors to Calgary.

Miss Beatrice Radford entertained a number of friends at her home on Monday night.

### FISH FOR THE ASKING

Six hundred and fifty thousand trout were raised from eggs this year at the Quebec provincial fish hatchery at St. Fautin in the Laurentian Mountains. Next year it is hoped that over one million baby fish will be reared for the purpose of re-stocking Quebec's numerous lakes, says a writer in the monthly magazine issued by Canadian Industries Limited in Montreal. Fertilization of the eggs is done by hand at about this time of the year. Hatching takes place from March to April and from then on until the autumn—again the young fingerlings are nourished in long concrete tanks and at five months of age they are shipped in special containers to the various fish and game clubs, who pay a charge of \$15 a thousand, or upon request to the publicly owned lakes. A trout can be said roughly to gain about a pound in weight a year. An interesting thing about these freshwater fish is that in their young state they have to be given a frequent salt bath to keep their skins free from disease.

Matt Jarvis sustained a broken collar bone when hit by a fall of rock in the local mine last week end, and is a patient in the local hospital.

Why miss the opportunity? Up to the present no effort has been made by the Social Crediters to ask for an offering towards Aberhart's favorite pastime from the patrons of The Plas beer parlors. He should remember that such patrons, or the average at least, have just as much regard for God and the Bible as he has, but are not inclined to foist their views upon a long suffering public.

### HILLCREST HAPPENINGS

Peter Squirek returned home last week from Toronto, where he had been spending several weeks' vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Egan, of Bow Island, are visiting in Hillcrest with Mrs. Egan's parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. Welsh.

Mr. and Mrs. V. Lote, of Vancouver, are visiting in Hillcrest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. Douglas. Mr. and Mrs. M. Hamaluk were visitors to Cranbrook with their daughter Gwyn.

The Eastern Star held a very successful whist drive in the Masonic hall last Thursday. Prizes were won by: ladies' first, Mrs. Garner; second, Mrs. P. Mathus; gent's first, Mr. G. W. Goodwin; second, Mr. R. Gardiner.

Mr. T. Burnett, of Lethbridge, was a visitor last week in Hillcrest.

Mrs. N. Miller left by train on Sunday to join her husband, who has recently been employed in Calgary.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Brushett, of Edmonton, are visiting here at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Brushett.

A surprise birthday party was held in the Catholic hall on Friday in honor of Louise Bartolucci's fifteenth birthday. Dancing and games were enjoyed by the fifty guests present.

Mrs. Leichman, of Del Bonita, is a visitor here at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. Gardiner.

How much would be heard via the radio from William Aberhart if he had to pay for the privilege out of his own pocket? is a question very often asked nowadays.

We see where the Duke of Windsor occupied the private bed of Hitler in Germany while on a visit to the German capital. When questioned about this in the Hague, Hitler exclaimed that this was true and that there are only two men whom he would ever let sleep in his private bed. One was the Duke of Windsor and the other was his namesake in Alberta, Canada, Herr von Aberhart.—Ex.

## Good Work! Westinghouse



Westinghouse Radio for 1938 gives you, not merely ONE feature, but ALL the headline features of modern radio... Push-Button Tuning... Remote Control with "Silencer" Switch... "Atlas-of-the-Air" Dial with 70 World Wide Stations spot-logged right on the dial... Tone that is different to anything you've ever heard... and Precision Factory Adjustment that lasts for the life of the set. See the new models today at your Westinghouse dealers.

Canadian Westinghouse Co. Limited, Branches Calgary & Edmonton

**We are Westinghouse Dealers**

**Ask for a  
Demonstration**

**CROWS' NEST PASS MOTORS**

— CHEVROLET and OLDSMOBILE DEALERS —  
WESTINGHOUSE REFRIGERATORS

BLAIRMORE

Phone 105

It's a great boast for England to know that Mr. Aberhart has to send over there for brains to run his government.

A local high school pupil is thinking seriously of going down to New York just to see how a skyscraper works.



**HELEN:** "No wonder Alice looks worn out—with all the time she spends slaving over her baking."

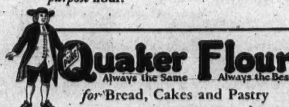
**MARIE:** "Poor thing—let's tell her our secret about The Quaker Easy Method."

## THE MODERN QUAKER METHOD OF EASY BREAD BAKING—SAVES TIME— TROUBLE—WASTE— MAKES BETTER BREAD

You can learn these amazingly simple baking secrets FREE by simply mailing the coupon below.

No more kneading, overnight setting or expensive failures. Quaker Flour and "The Quaker Easy Method of Baking" takes all the labour out of baking—and saves hours of time.

Quaker Flour will delight you too! It's not ordinary flour but milled by The Quaker Oats Company to meet the special demands of Canadian housewives for a finer, better all-purpose flour.



**Quaker Flour**  
Always the Same Always the Best  
for Bread, Cakes and Pastry

## NO MORE DRUDGERY FOR THESE WESTERN WOMEN...READ WHAT THEY SAY:

● "No old-fashioned baking methods for me. I use Quaker Flour and The Quaker Easy Method of Baking. Any woman who hasn't tried it should do so, and save herself a lot of work and time"—Mrs. W. A. Bevin, Yorkton, Saskatchewan.

● "The Quaker Easy Method of Baking with Quaker Flour has saved me so much time and trouble I wish I could tell every woman about it. I use Quaker Flour for every baking purpose"—Mrs. J. L. Sherr, Fort Frances, Ontario.

● "No more kneading and overnight setting for me. The Quaker Easy Method of Baking with Quaker Flour not only saves me all this trouble and time, but my results are much better and I never have a failure"—Mrs. F. J. Smith, Miller, B.C.

**Valuable Baking Book FREE**  
The Quaker Oats Company, Dept. L-41  
Saskatoon, Sask.

Please send me copy of booklet "The Quaker Method of Easy Bread Baking."

Name

Address

Dealer's Name

WORLD HAPPENINGS  
BRIEFLY TOLD

King George of Greece will visit London, Paris and Rome, it was announced officially. It will be his first foreign tour since he was restored to the throne two years ago.

Relief recipients in Canada apart from farmers and their dependents numbered 468,114 in September compared with 722,515 in September, 1936.

Trustees of the old Crystal Palace, begun in London 11 months ago, are considering erection of a \$5,000,000 Empire sports arena on the site.

The Queen has accepted as a Coronation year gift from the diocese of British Honduras a beautiful set of lace needle-work, the work of a 19-year-old girl.

The Zojoji monks, custodians of one of Tokyo's most ancient Buddhist temples, reported to police that the temple had been looted of nearly \$500,000 worth of ecclesiastical treasures.

Restoration of world-famous Reims cathedral, severely damaged during the Great War, has been completed. The repair work, to which the late John D. Rockefeller contributed \$2,500,000, extended over 20 years.

Lieutenant R. Scott of the Royal Navy, newly-appointed aide-de-camp to the governor-general, has arrived in Ottawa to take over his new duties. It was announced. He succeeds Lieutenant G. Rivers-Smith, who will return to England shortly.

Straw is a money crop for many southwestern Alberta farmers this year. Government agents are buying straw for shipment to drought relief areas for fodder. The farmers are receiving \$3.50 a ton for wheat straw and \$4.50 for oat and barley straw.

## For English Zoo

Two Bison Among Canadian Animals Shipped From Alberta Park

A modern Noah's Ark sailed from Montreal recently when the Canadian Pacific freighter Beaverburn cleared port carrying among her cargo a small menagerie composed of buffalo, bears and beavers. True to Biblical tradition the animals went two by two, there being a pair of each species. All six animals were being shipped to the Dudley Zoological Gardens, England, by John F. McKellar of Elk Island Park, near Edmonton.

Quiet and well behaved the bears and beavers elicited little comment but not so the Bison. Ill-tempered at their limited quarters in narrow crates, the two "cows" kicked furiously at their wooden containers. Wary longhorns stood their distant dubious of the strength of the crates. As one sailor observed, those two may be females but "they're not ladies." The boxes withstood the flying hooves and after a few moments in their new location on the Beaverburn's boat deck the Bison quipped completely in front and half way down the sides to prevent the animals seeing anything. "Should they catch sight of anyone they would go almost insane," Mr. McKellar explained. The Bison each weighing about 900 pounds, were both young. Mr. McKellar said. The beavers too were immature and one bear, a brown one, was a yearling while the other black was but a cub.

The usual shipment adds to the name of Beaverburn as animal carriers. Already this year two others of the line have brought unusual animals into port, the Beaverburn having carried a camel and the Beaverhill a tigris and two rheas earlier this season. A further shipment of zoological exhibits, this time mountain goats, is expected shortly, it was declared by Mr. McKellar.

## Plowed Straight Furrow

Farmer 94 Years Old Was Competitor At Fergus, Ontario

A crowd estimated at 45,000 people established a new attendance record for the 24th International ploughing match at Fergus, Ont.

Major attraction was 94-year-old John Hammond of Hagersville, who handled the plough made when he was nine years old. It was drawn by a yoke of oxen and officials said no straighter furrow was ploughed by any other competitor in the match.

## Paths For Dogs

New York had bridge paths for horses, cycle roads for bicycles, so why not push-paths for dogs. That's the suggestion of Martin Nussbaum, president of the Dog Owners' Protective Association, which has neither dues nor profits.

An adult fatworm can be made to revert to a younger form through starvation.

## Had Exciting Trip

Rochester Stenographer Hunted Insects In Sierra Madre Mountains

Stenography bored Elvira Rosenbauer, 24 years old, of Rochester, N.Y., one cold day last March—and, besides, she wanted to hunt insects in the Sierra Madre Mountains in Mexico.

So she resigned her secretarial job, and, although she spoke no Spanish, had little experience as a camper and even less as an explorer, equipped herself and set out for a primitive prospecting camp 10,000 feet above sea level and 70 miles from Mexico's west coast.

To-day the young woman is back, her memory full of experiences, some funny and some perilous, and 30 boxes full of insect trophies which museums already are eagerly seeking.

Ward's Natural History Museum and the University of Rochester would get most of her collection, she said.

Life in the mountain camp was not all collecting insects, such strange things as cecidaria, from whose backs little parasite plants grow, or glow-worms that look like miniature lighted Pullman trains as they wriggle through the grass at night.

There was a four-day siege of Malaria, when she was gravely ill; the time when death came close as she unwittingly took no precautions with a deadly coral snake, and a ride on a narrow mountain path from which even the sure-footed pack mules sometimes plunged.

Miss Rosenbauer said that she slept with a bowie knife by her side and yet dined for dinner every day according to the best British exploring tradition.

"The trip was the most wonderful thing that ever happened to me," she concluded, "and I'd go back in a minute if I could get someone to finance the expedition."

## A New Machine

May Help Girl Who Cannot Walk, Talk, Or Hear

An 8-year-old girl, deaf and blind, arrived at Northwestern University, Chicago, where by means of a newly invented three-finger multifactor efforts will be made to teach her to walk, talk and hear.

The child has been specially selected by Dr. Robert H. Gault, the university's professor of psychology, because every human faculty which the multifactor is presumed to bring in, to being lies dormant in her person. She cannot walk because, unlike the majority of children born deaf and blind, she has failed to grasp the idea of self motion from the pressure of the hands of others.

The phonotactor transmits tones to the fingers through one vibrator. Dr. Goodfellow's instrument carries vibration—the sense of touch taking the place of sound—through three fingers and is expected eventually to be a five-finger instrument. The child will never be able to see, but both her future teachers believe they will give her a voice as she grasps the ability to translate touch into sound and so bring her mind to the task of directing movements of her body.

## Getting Even

It was late when the hostess at the reception requested the famous basso to sing.

"It is too late, madam," he protested. "I should disturb your neighbors."

"Not at all," declared the hostess. "Besides, they poisoned our dog last week."

## Quite A Mouthful

Ludwik Rzemniczewicz, 23-year-old Sommerville automobile mechanic, petitioned the Middlesex Probate Court in Cambridge, Mass., for authority to change his name to Edward Remik because "my employer and friends can't pronounce it." Then he added: "And I can't pronounce it myself."

MATRON LOOKS SLIM ALL DAY  
LONG IN SIMPLE WRAP  
AROUND HOUSEFROCK

By Anne Adams



You want to look smart—and slender—and this is your perfect choice for a flattering housefrock that's easy to do! You'll find this jiffy wrap-around frock a joy to make of any printed fabric, dimity or broadcloth which you'll cut and stitch in a jiffy! Do notice the slimming cut of the bodice, the way the darts assure a perfect fit and the clever shoulder yokes. You will find the pocket useful for hanky or key, and you may trim both yoke and pocket with the daintiest of ruffings. Order Pattern 4580 to-day and see what a "find" it is!

Pattern 4580 is available in women's sizes 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48. Size 36 takes 4½ yards 36 inch fabric and 1¼ yards ruffling. Illustrated step-by-step sewing instructions included.

Send twenty cents (20c) in coin or stamps (coin preferred) for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly Size, Name, Address and Style Number and send order to the Anne Adams Pattern Dept., Winnipeg. Newspaper Company, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg.

## Harmful To Children

Sir Ernest MacMillan Scores Bad Music Of Present Day

The present-day exposure of children to "bad" music must stop if they are to be given a musical education, Sir Ernest MacMillan told the Ontario Music Teachers' Association at the Royal York Hotel, Toronto.

Commenting on someone's statement that no music was bad—that it was simply music that wasn't as good as it might be, Sir Ernest said: "Someone once defined dirt as matter in the wrong place."

Quoted after the convention, Sir Ernest replied that "some jazz" might come under the definition "bad." He refused to elaborate further.

He urged co-operation between professional and school music teachers so that the work of one might supplement that of the other and thus avoid overlapping.

"But," he added, "we can never build up any kind of musical education except on a foundation of thoroughly good music. Nothing else has a right place in our educational scheme, no matter what part it has in recreational hours."

Tough typewriting is taught in London by motion pictures; the system having been perfected by two Bootchmen, who have made 30 films ranging from elementary to advanced lessons.

## Speed Water Surveys

Aircraft Used In Western Canada To Obtain Photographs For Mapping Areas

Aircraft have been engaged to expedite surveys of water resources in the Alberta-Saskatchewan drought area. It was learned as the Royal Canadian Air Force made public a report on civil operations in the west and northwest.

The air force report said two machines were sent early in September to photograph sections of the drought area for the department of agriculture, and officials of that department explained the work was designed to determine suitable locations for dams and other water conservation works on the Frenchman and Souris rivers in the prairie drought belt.

In the northwest the air force reported aerial photography was hampered by smoke. Biggest forest fire in the country's history last summer burned an area west of the Athabasca river 300 miles long and 50 miles deep.

Mines and resources department officials said three air force machines which returned to Ottawa conducted surveys for it in the Gordon lake and Yellowknife areas north of Great Slave lake, providing photographs for mapping of the area in which extensive prospecting and mining development is in progress.

In the drought area, the department of agriculture reported, planes were substituted for ground parties to speed water surveys. The plane crews took photographs used with stereoscopic viewers to bring out contours in the countryside and enable quick determination of the best spots for dams and reservoirs.

The air force said one machine remained in the field on survey work at the south end of Vancouver Island; one was in Quebec, based at Grand Mere, two remained on the prairies.

## A Strange Creature

Taken From The Stomach Of A Whale On The Tropic Of Cancer

The fisheries department's news bulletin described a strange creature taken from the stomach of a Pacific coast whale, tillying closely with descriptions of the elusive cado-bora-saurus of southern Vancouver Island waters but much smaller, possibly an infant.

Officials reading the report of the Naden harbor whaling station were surprised to find in it this description of an animal taken from the stomach of a whale killed off Queen Charlotte Islands: About 10 feet long, having a head similar to a large dog, animal-like vertebrae and having a tail resembling a single blade of gilt bone as found in whales' jaws.

Officials said it was surprising to find such a large creature in a whale's stomach as the animals feed usually on squid, octopus and sometimes shrimp.

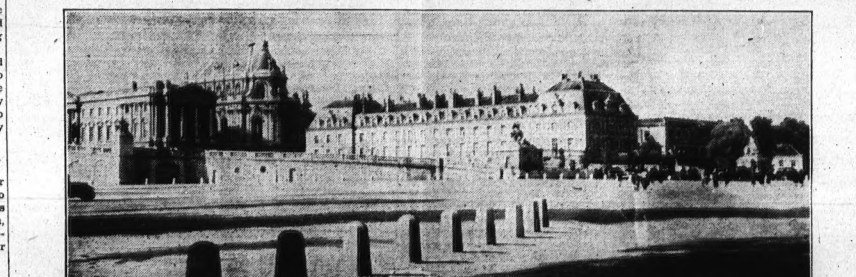
## Might Be Awkward

If Man Always Followed His Habit With New Shoes

A mountain of a man is Jesse Buchanan, warden of the Eddyville penitentiary, who is well over six feet tall and whose 310 pounds are well distributed. A little out of line, perhaps, are his feet, which are reputed to require No. 14 shoes. As may be imagined, Mr. Buchanan is kind to underpinning called on to carry their abnormal load. He once consented to a friend that when he buys a pair of new shoes he breaks them in one at a time; in other words, he wears one old and one new until both new ones are endurable. His confidant forgot to ask what he would do if he should happen to buy a pair of tan shoes while enjoying the comfort of an old black pair—Louisville Times.

Don't imagine you are the greatest sufferer in the world. Other people have reconditioned cars, too.

## RESTORATION OF PLACE D'ARMES, VERSAILLES



A photograph of the Place d'Armes, in front of Versailles Palace, which has been restored and leveled. It was on this Place that the people of Paris assembled and shouted for bread at the outbreak of the Revolution when King Louis XVI. was taken as prisoner back to the city.

## SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

OCTOBER 31

THE MORAL ISSUE IN THE DRINK PROBLEM

Golden text: Walk by the Spirit, and ye shall not fulfil the lust of the flesh. Galatians 5:16.  
Lesson: Romans 13:12-14; I Corinthians 6:9-11; Galatians 5:16-24.  
Devotional reading: I Corinthians 8:1-13.

## Explanations and Comments

The Walk of the Christian, Romans 13:13, 14. "Let us walk becomingly as in the day." Paul urges the speaks of conduct as a walk some 35 times in his letters, and then enumerates some of the evils which a Christian will not commit among them is drunkenness. Dr. James Stiffer bids us notice that strife and jealousy are classed with the coarse indulgences of the animal nature and make a climax. The covetous, envious man ranks with the drunkard and the debauchee. Dr. Moffatt translates our paragraph thus: "Let us live decently as in the light of day—no reveling or brawls or duelling, no debauchery or sensuality, no quarrelling or jealousy. No put on the character of the Lord Jesus Christ, and never think how the world will look of the flesh."

Make No Mistake About It, I Corinthians 6:9-11. Corinth was the wealthy capital of the Roman Province of Achaia, or Greece. Paul labored for eighteen months in Corinth, preaching first to the Jews and then to the Gentiles. Several years later, while at Ephesus during his third missionary journey, he wrote this letter to the church which he had founded there.

Or know ye not that the unrighteous shall not inherit the kingdom of God? "Shall have no share in its present, privileges and future blessings. The kingdom of God is a spiritual kingdom (Jn. 18:35); its blessings and privileges are spiritual; how then could such unspiritual men as these, whose conduct was so grossly wicked, be permitted to share in the kingdom of God? The spiritual inheritance, have any part in it?"

Such evil-doers were some of you. Paul wrote to his friends, but you submit to baptism, and you are apart from God's service, and were accepted as righteous through the influence of the Holy Spirit, and the working of the Holy Spirit.

Confessing Forces, Galatians 5:16-24. Paul's letter to the Galatians was written to the churches in Galatia, the great Roman Province which extended from north to south across the central plateau of Asia Minor.

Moffatt translates the first two verses of our paragraph: I mean, lead the life of the Spirit, then you will never satisfy the passions of the flesh. For the passion of the flesh is against the Spirit, and passion of the Spirit against the flesh—the two are at issue, so that you are not free to do as you please. And the "One Volume Commentary" paraphrases the whole paragraph as follows: "The life which is fostered by the Spirit you wish to find your true safety against the evils of which I am warning you. For between the pure aspirations of the Spirit and the sinful impulses of the flesh there is a sharp, irrepressible conflict. If you live under the Spirit of God, you have no need to seek the guidance of the law. Control the sins which spring from the carnal impulses with the virtues which spring from the Spirit's guidance. The former exclude from God's kingdom; the latter are not condemned by any law."

## An Unwelcome Passenger

Leopard Attacked Two Men On Train In India

When a passenger on the Hardwar-Dehra Dun (United Provinces) train opened the door at Mouzampur Narain station in answer to what he took for a knock he saw the eyes of a leopard staring at him.

He tried to shut the door but the animal was too quick for him. Springing upon him it tore his shoulder and mauled another passenger who came to his rescue. It was springing upon a third person when it saw a spear being aimed at it. It jumped out of the window and disappeared into the jungle—Indian Press Union.

Only with the beginning of the 17th century was there recognized the need for a dictionary which would help Englishmen to a better knowledge of their language.

**Health**  
LEAGUE  
OF  
CANADA  
presents  
**TOPICS  
OF  
VITAL  
INTEREST**  
by DR. J. W. S. McCULLOUGH

ARTICLE No. 15  
Treatment Of Cancer No. 3

More than 40 years ago, a man and a woman were engaged in the boiling of some sort of chemicals in iron cauldrons in an old shed at the outskirts of Paris, France. They gathered wood from whatever source they could in the neighborhood. The neighbours were curious about this pair. They evidently were poor. From day to day they toiled at their task until one day the woman discovered some fine crystals in the residue contained in a copper vessel she was using. It was a new element. It looked just like the white pepper we have on our tables. It was radium. The hard-working man and woman were Pierre and Madame Marie Curie. The latter was a native of Poland named Marie Sklodowska. The date was 1898. It was a brilliant discovery, opening the way for a new and effective treatment of cancer. By this discovery Marie Curie, a thin delicate wisp of a woman, made herself one of the greatest benefactors of mankind.

Radium is made from pitchblende, a black-looking substance containing the oxide of uranium. The richest source of pitchblende is on the shores of Great Bear Lake in North West Canada. This recent discovery and the subsequent refinement of radium at Port Hope, Ontario, has changed the entire face of the radium problem. Five years ago a milligram of radium cost about \$70.00. Now the same quantity may be purchased for \$30.00. In the treatment of cancer, radium is used in two forms; first as the element and second as radium emanation or radium gas, usually called radon. Radium is made in a complicated arrangement of glass and steel called an emanation plant. In this plant the gas, continually passing off from a store of radium is washed, purified and stored in tiny sealed tubes of gold, called radon seeds. In treatment these seeds are placed in the growth and sometimes left there.

Radium element is usually put in small tubes of platinum-iridium which are placed in or about the growth to be treated. The dose of radon and of radium itself can be accurately measured. Their effects are the same. Radium, radon and X-rays kill the cancer cells because the latter are constantly dividing and are therefore less resistant to the action of the rays than healthy, normal cells. "Quack Remedies."

Editorial Note: Readers desiring the complete set of Dr. McCullough's essays on cancer, which may secure same by writing to: The Health League of Canada, 105 Bond St., Toronto, Ont.

## Trying To Revive Market

South Africa Wants To Make Ostrich Feathers Popular Again

A bizarre attempt will soon be made to revive the ostrich feather market and incidentally popularize South Africa with travellers, according to A. F. Smyth, manager of the American Express Travel Service, who relates that a South African composer has just written a song to this end. The refrain of the song, "Hoo! Hoo! Hoo! . . ." imitates the characteristic hoootings of the birds. Ostrich feather farmers hope that it will bring the ostrich back into the spotlight and sell more feathers, as at present only about \$15,000 worth a year are sold, in comparison with \$10,000,000 worth in 1915.

## Published In New Form

The "Rover World," a magazine devoted to the senior branch of the boy scout movement and published in London, England, is appearing in a new pocket size form. The magazine contains articles specially planned for the furthering of rover scouting and news of rover scout activities all over the world.

Cranberries were originally called crane-berries. The fruit is borne on a curved stalk which suggests the neck of a crane.

And, once married, most of your troubles are relative.



# I'M FEELING FINE THIS MORNING

- FREE FROM THAT THROBBING HEADACHE AND READY FOR A GOOD DAY'S WORK.



All people who suffer occasionally from headaches ought to know this way to quick relief.

At the first sign of such pain, take two "Aspirin" tablets with a half glass of water. Sometimes if the pain is more severe, a second dose is necessary later, according to directions.

If headaches keep coming back we advise you to see your own physician. He will look for the cause in order to correct it.

"Aspirin" tablets are made in Canada. "Aspirin" is the registered trade-mark of the Bayer Company, Limited, of Windsor, Ontario. Look for the name Bayer in the form of a cross on every tablet.

**Demand and Get— "ASPIRIN"**

MADE IN CANADA

**WHAT HO!**

—By— RICHARD CONNELL

By Arrangement With Thomas Allen, Publisher, Toronto.

CHAPTER I—Continued

"It's not a question of price," said Ernest. "That's a fair enough offer considering that I started this business with nothing but a capital of twenty-nine dollars, my diploma from the MacGranger College of Taxidermy, and six white mice. But you see, Mr. Sloum, this is more than just a business to me. It is—"

Ernest blushed, "what you might call my life-work. Maybe you'll laugh at me, Mr. Sloum, when I tell you that the money I make here is really secondary to the pleasure I get out of doing jobs like this—"

He patted the mane of the horse Tartar.

"Of course," he appended, "it doesn't make very much money. Barely enough to live on, as a matter of fact."

"Ernie," said Mr. Sloum, said, "I'm afraid you'll never be a trader. Now, if somebody came to me and wanted to buy my business do you think I'd tell 'em I was dragging one foot in the red ink? No, sir! I'd tell 'em I was making so much money I had to hire a man and boy to count it."

Ernest smiled.

"I guess I'm not much of a businessman," he said.

The shop bell tinkled.

"Excuse me," he said. "A customer, I hope."

He opened the door and permitted Mr. Sloum to pass into an atmosphere replete with the perfume of parrots and poodles. A large, patently impatient lady was waiting at the counter. At first sight she looked like one of Ernest Bingley's more pretentious efforts in the field of taxidermy, for her ample, well cushioned form was swathed in the brown fur of that prolific but expensive little animal, the mink.

Ernest Bingley made a courtly bow.

"How do you do, Mrs. Wyncoop?" he said.

"Hello, Armina, how's tricks?" said Mr. Sloum.

She favored them both with a nod that was one-fifth of an inch from top to bottom, and hoary with frost.

"Wish I could stay and have a chat about old times, Armina," said Mr. Sloum, a look of malicious glee shining in his face, "but I got to go and sell some shoes to the folks who believe in patronizing home-town merchants. So long."

From Mrs. Wyncoop's arctic expression it was plain to glean the thought that if Mr. Sloum went to

a most remote and torrid spot and remained there indefinitely it would be entirely satisfactory to her.

When the door had snapped at the rubber heels of the departing shoist, Mrs. Wyncoop said:

"To be ready?"

"Indeed he is, Mrs. Wyncoop," said Ernest. "I shall be happy to have you inspect him. Will you kindly step into the studio?"

Mrs. Wyncoop unleashed a torrent of abuse upon the fruit of many weeks of painstaking work. She looked nothing, by not so much as the quiver of a chin did she signify approval, or disapproval. Ernest regarded her expectantly, nervously. Still she made no comment.

Finally Ernest faltered, "Well, do you like him?"

In a throaty alto Mrs. Wyncoop said:

"There's a patch of hair on his—errrr—torso which needs smoothing."

"So sorry," said Ernest. He had ruffled the hair in scrambling off the horse. He smoothed the offending patch. He waited, but no word of censure was forthcoming.

She replaced her forgetful in its holster.

"Deliver him to 'The Pines immediately," she said, and turned to go.

"Excuse me, Mrs. Wyncoop," said Ernest. "I want to ask you something."

"She expelled an icy monosyllable. "Well?"

"I was just wondering," began Ernest, beet by embarrassment, "if you would mind, that is, if you would be so good as to permit me to exhibit Tartar at the state fair next month."

"Why, pray?"

"Well, you see," said Ernest, "I sort of thought I'd exhibit some of my work there. I've got an idea for an exhibit, a complete collection of all the birds and animals native to Iowa, mounted and arranged by me. There's a prize, you know, for the most interesting exhibit of Iowa products, and I thought I might have a chance to win it. I could use that hundred dollars, Mrs. Wyncoop. My collection is pretty complete, but it lacks a buzzard and a horse. I can get the buzzard easily enough, but horses are scarce—stuffed ones, I mean—and so—"

"You may not exhibit Tartar," said Mrs. Wyncoop. "I can assure you that Mr. Wyncoop will not permit you to. Good-day."

"But," protested Ernest, "he is my work—the best thing I've ever done for you. You loan him to me—just for that week."

"You will be paid adequately for your work," said Mrs. Wyncoop, "when you deliver it to 'The Pines. But if you attempt to show our property, you will hear from our attorneys. I promise you."

"But, see here, Mrs. Wyncoop, I need—"

"Good day to you," she cut in, and strode out through the pet shop towards her waiting limousine.

"Oh, look out!" cried Ernest, "You're an old witch," he roared a harsh voice.

Mrs. Wyncoop gave a sharp squeal of pain and protest.

As she passed his perch, a second hand parrot, an African gray, thrust out his horny beak and nipped her on the ear.

When she had gone, Ernest gave the parrot a peck.

Then he returned to his studio and gave the roan coat of Tartar a final smoothing.

"Good-by old boy," he said.

He took an old olive drab army blanket from his bed and put it on the horse.

"Why," he asked aloud, "can't people be nicer?"

With the question unanswered, he went out into his pet shop, and, somewhat morosely, doled out to the tropical fish their portions of ant-eaters, lapped and fed the assorted puppies, love-birds, white mice and guinea pigs, then locked up and staid down Main Street to see the expressman about a truck for transporting Tartar to the ornate residence of Mr. Otis G. Wyncoop.

To go down Main Street was always a bit of an ordeal for Ernest Bingley. It meant running the gauntlet of such social centres as the Daniel Boone Hook and Ladder Company, Munn's Drug Store, the New America House, and Dec Griffr's Pool Room.

With his head in the air Ernest sailed swiftly past the fire house, unobserved, for his inmates were playing pinochle while hopefully waiting for a good big fire. He skirted the drug store without incident; but, in the doorway—

Two young men about town, from whose nostrils poured cigarette smoke in as steady a stream as if wet hay were smoldering inside them. They were short-brimmed, trigger-men, hats, and their complexions were imperfect. On spying Ernest they removed their jaunty

headgear and swept the ground in deep obeisances.

"Greetings and salutations, Sir Ernest," said one.

"Hi hi, 'ow-is 'is Lordship to-day?" said the other.

Ernest, with a struggle, summoned a smile to his face.

"Hello, Joe. Hello, Chuck," he said, affably.

He hurried on, trying not to keep step with the Rogues' March they whistled after him.

In the lobby of the New America House (Rooms 51 and up) two men were embedded in worn leather chairs, idly watching the passing pageant of Main Street through the broad plate-glass window.

One of them was Harry Lewis, on the road for a New York hat house, and he was yawning, gold-toothed, at the idea of being stymied for the night in Bear Falls when he might have been taking out that red-headed cigar-stand girl in Davenport.

He was an eagle-beaked, jockey-like man in a tight-pepper-green suit, and a Super-Wonder Derby (Fall Mail Style, \$2.95 retail), and the stub of a cold cigar seemed a permanent part of his hairy hand.

One of the other lobby-sitters was a native son, one of the Ten Thousand, and he had the silver hair, the intellectual brow, the dignity and garb of a senator. His name was Samuel P. Cooke, and he had been out of work for twenty years, although his wife hadn't. Messrs. Lewis and Cooke were exchanging recipes for winning the favor of ladies met casually on railroad trains.

"What do you do for fun in this burg?" inquired Lewis.

"I'll show you," said Cooke. "Here comes the town clown."

"The punk in the comic hat?" asked Lewis.

"Yep."

"Why are those two petty-larceny shacks hawking to him like that?"

"They're kidding him."

"Some fun," grunted Lewis. "Does that pass for kidding in this dorp?"

"Just wait," promised Cooke. "I'll call him in. All you got to do is follow my lead. Get it?"

"I get it," said Lewis, looking wide and metropolitan. "Who is the sap?"

"Bingley's name, Ernest Bingley," Cooke told him.

"Cooke?"

"No. That is not exactly. He's bright enough when it comes to books and stuff like that," said Cooke. "But he's full of nutty notions."

"Such as?"

"Well, he thinks he's somebody."

"Who?" queried Lewis. "Napoleon?"

"Oh, no. He's not that way," said Cooke. "Just thinks he's got ancestors."

"Well, ain't he?" asked Lewis.

"Sure. So have I," said Cooke.

"Only I keep mine quiet. So do most of the folks around here. But Ernie Bingley's different. The boys don't like you to be different in this man's town."

"Yeah, I noticed everybody was pretty much alike around here," said Lewis.

"Now watch me kid the pants off him," whispered Cooke.

"How do you do, Mr. Cooke?" said Ernest Bingley. "Is there something I can do for you?"

"My boy, yes, there is, Ernest," my boy," said Cooke, with exaggerated cordiality. "I want you to meet the Duke of Lumsaire."

(To Be Continued)

**Outwitted The Enemy**

Chinese Engine Driver Steals Munition Cars From Japanese

A story of the capture of a train-load of Japanese munitions by a Chinese railway engineer was circulated by the Chinese Central News Agency.

The agency's Chengchow correspondent said Chinese locomotive drivers were forced to operate munition trains southward from Peiping to Hankow Railway line and that one of them, taking advantage of absence of Japanese guards from his train, drove the entire train into the Chinese lines at Chengching-fu.

Brown: "My wife thinks of nothing but motorizing and golf. I'm getting tired of it."

Jones: "Well, at least, she's in the fashion."

Brown: "Yes, but she's such a failure at it. In golf she hits nothing and in motorizing she hits everything."

When powdered or confectioner's sugar becomes lumpy press it through a fine-meshed sieve or roll with a rolling pin.

Successful vaccination against disease has been performed on silk-worms.

**When People Felt Safer**

British Prime Minister Longs For The Old Days

Prime Minister Chamberlain yearned for the "good old days" in addressing the Association of British Chambers of Commerce at Manchester.

"Everyone, I think—certainly not least His Majesty's ministers—must look back with envy on the good old days when Britain was an impregnable island and possessed the only fleet of consequence in the world, and when men, if they cast upward an inquiring glance at the sky, did so only to ascertain what were the weather prospects."

"I think that public speaking must have been easier in those days when every word was not examined with a microscope to find in it meanings invisible to the naked eye, and when a man might address his own countrymen without being accused of directing his utterances—and even his reticences—at some other nation."

**New Geographical Data**

Two Thousand Square Miles Added To The Map Of Canada

Four hundred and forty-five years after his discovery of the North American continent by Columbus, exploration of portion of its terrain is still continuing, revealing new geographical data and land formations to scientists.

Two young Englishmen, R. J. O. Bray and P. D. Baird, have returned from the North, reporting that 2,000 square miles have been added to the map of the Canadian Arctic through their explorations.

The explorers, two of a party of Englishmen who have been camped on Southampton Island in Hudson Bay for the past two years, came out on the Mission ship, Ste. Therese, in September after a year in the Arctic, by intent returning "down north" again as soon as possible.

The party is sponsored by an English University and have no connection with Government survey parties, it was learned.

**Mental Telegraphy**

May Some Day Make War Impossible

Extra-sensory perception — some people's apparent ability to mental telepathy—may some day end all wars, Dr. Charles F. Fox, author and psychologist, said in New York.

Referring to recent experiments of Dr. J. B. Rhine at Duke University which indicated that most persons were able to "read" symbols on cards which they could not see, Dr. Potter told the First Humanist Society:

"Consider, for instance, the possibilities for international peace when the technique of extra-sensory perception is fully worked out.

"Trained telepathists will supplant the present spy system. Without leaving their own country a little group of gifted 'experts' will be able to 'discuss' the enemy's strategists and nullify those plans."

"Since the essence of success in war is secrecy, when secrecy is destroyed, war will be impossible."

**Gave Up Large Estate**

But Man Inherits Title Whether He Wants It Or Not

George Cecil Morris, 86, who "ran away from titles" 50 years ago, apparently has been caught by a baronetcy.

Whether he wants it or not, he becomes the head of an old and wealthy Welsh family as the heir to his nephew, Sir Tankerville Morris, who died a week ago in Wales.

Morris turned down the 3,000-acre estate and baronetcy which now falls to him.

"I don't want either," he declared, "I ran away from titles 50 years ago, apparently has been caught by a baronetcy."

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**THANKS, TEACHER**

THAT OLD HEAD COULD FEEL BETTER ALREADY

**YES, BUT YOU MUST USE THIS EARLIER NEXT TIME IT HELPS PREVENT MANY COLDS**

This specialized medication—Vicks Vapo-r-nol—is expressly designed for the nose and upper throat, where most colds begin—and grow. Used in time—at the first sneeze or sniffle or irritation in the nose—it helps to prevent many colds, or to throw off head colds in their early stages. Even when your head is all clogged up from a cold, Vapo-r-nol brings comforting relief—lets you breathe again!

**VICKS VAPO-R-NOL**

Keep it Handy—Use it Early

**Canada's Doctors**

Latest Statistics Show One To Every 1,034 Persons

Comparatively speaking, there are not so many doctors in Canada as there were years ago. That is, physicians and surgeons. At the beginning of the century there was one doctor for every 969 of the population.

The proportion gradually decreased until the latest statistics show one in every 1,034. One reason vouchsafed is that the period of training has about doubled, making the course a long and an expensive one.

Although medical science has advanced like everything else, yet the lack of medical service in rural sections is one of the greatest drawbacks in the country to-day.

The population has become more urban and less rural in general character, and it is obvious that, with greater territory to cover and more time consumed in travel it takes more doctors to attend to the needs of the country than of the city. There is one doctor for every 700 or so people in the large cities, but only one for every 1,300 in the country.

In England and Wales there is only one doctor in 1,363 of the population and in France one in 1,355. The situation is different in two other very advanced social service countries. In the United States there is one medical man in 708, whereas in Australia there is one in 1,373.

Doctors were born, though not necessarily educated, outside of Canada—five per cent. in the British Isles or other British countries and 2½ per cent. in the United States, according to the census branch of the Dominion bureau of statistics—Horace Sun.

**Record For Horses**

Barney and Jerry, a team of six-year-old Belgians, weighing 4,350 pounds, broke the world's horse-pulling record at Ohio State Fair, Columbus, Ohio, September 1, when they pulled the last load of 3,925 pounds the required distance of 27.5 feet. This is equivalent to hauling 27 tons of granite block pavement.

The winners are owned by Burley Meyer of Greensford, Ind. Their record displaces the 3,900-pound pull made by the famous Michigan team, Rock and Tom.

"My face is my fortune, sir," she said, so the census-taker put her down as "on relief."

**It Was an Old Roman custom** to serve a guest as many cups of wine as there were letters in his name. And we don't see how a guy named Theophilus McGillicuddy could stand it.

Every time a transport plane of one of the major airlines leaves the ground for a scheduled flight, there is behind it \$50,000 of liability insurance.

**Keep Foods Deliciously Fresh**

Keep your foods—cakes, bread, pies, cut meats, etc.—under a covering of Para-San Heavy Waxed Paper. You'll be amazed at the length of time they'll stay fresh, delicious! Para-San keeps them from staling.

Get Para-San in the handy, sanitary knife-edged carton. For less exciting uses ask for Appleford's "Centre Pull".

Packs in sheet form.

**Appleford Paper Products**

HAMILTON, ONT.

Warehouses at Calgary, Regina and Winnipeg

That B.N.A. Act didn't fall out of the picture when Aberhart had in sight, such as the recall bill did.

The voting at Coleman on Saturday last resulted in 362 favoring joining the United Mine Workers of America, and 384 against.

"Love your neighbor as yourself," we have heard of the Bible Institute prophet preaching. But can it be that "greater love hath no man than he?"

Following certain statements made by Ainsley, M.P.P., why shouldn't the premier apply the gag to him. The press would probably never think of uttering such falsehoods.

Remember the date of the annual Armistice Dance, to be held in the Columbus hall, Blaimore, on Thursday, November 11th, under auspices of the local chapter of the I.O.D.E.

Sentenced to die on November the 5th for the murder near Fernie on February 9, 1936, of Michael Hudock, Vincent Macchione has been granted a reprieve to Nov. 20th, to permit of the hearing of an appeal.

Mr. I. H. Gullion, manager for Western Grocers, Lethbridge, was a business visitor to The Pass this week, and accompanied W. A. Vaughn while covering this territory.

J. B. deHart, M.Sc., well known Lethbridge mines inspector, has accepted a post as instructor in mining at the Provincial School of Technology and Art at Calgary, his new duties to commence early in November.

Alberta's greatest export for the year 1936-37 has been money.

Threshing in the Cowley and Lundbreck districts was completed on Saturday last.

A New York judge says that men shouldn't be allowed to pin diapers on babies. That's what the babies think, too.

The Gateway remarks: A sorority is a group of girls living in one house with a single purpose—to get more girls to live in one house, with a single purpose.

Victor Hawkins, well known old-timer of the Lundbreck and Cowley districts, has been a visitor lately with Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Cox at Lundbreck.

Damage by fire to the large surface plant of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Co., at Michel on Monday morning is roughly estimated at around \$750,000. The fire will temporarily displace about 490 miners.

Japan has raised the bid to Chinese soldiers to surrender, from 29 cents to \$1.47 for each Chinese who will quit fighting. In Chinese money the raise represents from one Chinese dollar to five.

The following ad appeared in an Alberta newspaper last week: Be sure and get your copy of "I'm in the jail house now" while the price of the song is only 35 cents. After the trial of Unwin and Powell the price per copy will advance to 45 cents.

## Local and General Items

The Editor will be pleased to receive items for this section, regarding visitors entertained, parties leaving for holidays, or short trips, bridge parties, teas, etc. Please items in to 11 or hand them in at The Enterprise office no later than Wednesday evenings.

Armistice Dance, Columbus hall, Blaimore, Thursday, November 11th. R. C. Vaughn, vice-president of the Canadian National Railways, passed through the Crow to Lethbridge and Calgary on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Duncan and son William, of the Greenhill hotel and Bellevue Inn, and James F. Smith, of the Cosmopolitan hotel, were in Lethbridge the early part of the week to attend the sessions of the Alberta Hotel Association.

As we go to press, arrangements are being made for Hon. D. B. Mullen, minister of agriculture; Hon. N. E. Tanner, minister of lands and mines, and E. O. Duke, member for Rocky Mountain, to address a public meeting in the Columbus hall on Thursday next, November 4th.

Might we suggest to Premier Aberhart that, instead of employing "foreign" experts he called in Premier Mitchell Hepburn to tell him how to do things right. "Mitch" would tell him more in five minutes than all the Douglas "experts" could tell him in the rest of time—Ex.

Joseph Holmes, who for a number of years has been chief fishery warden in the southwestern part of the province, will retire from that position this week end. Mr. Holmes has not yet definitely decided as to his future plans, but hopes shortly to move to the Pacific coast.

Frances, little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Mison, had the misfortune to break her right arm below the elbow while swinging near the west school on Sunday last. She was rushed to the hospital, where the broken bone was set. She is now back home and reported doing nicely. It is particularly unfortunate in that Frances was to compete in the opening programme of the musical festival in Grade I. junior piano.

After all the references made by the Aberhartians in Alberta to the rapid growth and strength of Social Credit in Australia, only one of their candidates was elected in the general elections this week. They had sixteen candidates in the field. Probably it was that one guy who in the name of the Australian Social Credit party endorsed all the doings of the Alberta outfit. Powful, ain't it!

On the occasion of his triumphal approach to the pearly gates, Dean Aberhart will be welcomed by a massed band and choir of editors. As the editors will be in control, the dean will not be allowed to speak. He will be stripped of his raiment and submitted to severe tests to ascertain his qualification for entry up there. Should he not qualify, a "mandate of the people" (the editors) might direct him in an opposite direction.

It is hard for the average person to imagine a soft and long-wearing sponge being made from a spruce tree, and yet that is the very thing the industrial chemist has accomplished. From wood cellulose has come a sponge which is softer than chamois leather and, unlike the natural sea sponge, when used to remove dirt and grease, oils or acids, it can be boiled and cleaned and thoroughly sterilized.

The remains of Mrs. Paul Markosky, who passed away at her home at the River Bottom, near Bellevue, on Wednesday night of last week, were laid to rest on Sunday afternoon last, following service in St. Cyril's church conducted by Rev. Father O'Dea. Mrs. Markosky is survived by her husband and seven children: Mrs. William Malczanek, Miss Alice, Miss Rosale, Miss Josephine and son John residing in Bellevue, and daughters Mary and Annie in Peabody, Massachusetts.

MEN GET VIGOR AT ONCE! NEW OSTREX Tonic Tablets contain raw oyster ingredients and other stimulants. One dose, pep up, organs, glands. If not delighted, make refund price paid, \$1.25. Call, write Blaimore Pharmacy.

A chap down at the coast, built himself a ship C-shape, so it could turn rapidly. Reminds one of some of Alberta's pieces of legislation.

The local chapter of the I.O.D.E. will again sponsor the annual Armistice Dance, to be held in the Columbus hall on November 11th.

Bill had a pair of shoes that fit him rather tightly. One night he placed them in a heap of fertilizer, and next morning they were about three sizes too large. Just try it.

Reports from Ontario are to the effect that the crop of nuts is exceptionally heavy, which indicates a hard cold winter. In Alberta, we have an extra large crop of political nuts, and we, too, through their insane actions, face a hard cold winter.—Drumheller Review.

At the annual convention of the Alberta Hotel Association at Lethbridge on Tuesday, Charles Trautwein, of Calgary, was re-elected president, with J. S. Kirkham, of Lethbridge, first vice-president, and Gordon Porter, of Edmonton, second vice-president.

Only Aberhart will be blameless in the final analysis when he decides to quit. Blame the banks, blame the financiers, blame the Mounted Police, blame the press—and blame the people. No doubt they'd all willingly accept the blame if given any assurance that Able was going forever.

The first act of the B.C. Weekly Newspapers Association at its annual convention at Hotel Vancouver on October 8th and 9th was to pledge support to Alberta publishers in their fight for continuance of freedom of the press. Telegrams to this effect were forwarded to the Alberta Press Association, also to Premier William Aberhart.

No, Dictator Aberhart, they are not turning their radio dials off when those in opposition to the crucifying Aberhart policies are speaking. They are turning them on and thousands no longer listen to you. But you are at your old tricks of suggesting to those of thirteen-year-old mentalities that they turn their dials off except when Social Credit propaganda is coming over the air.—Drumheller Review.

We were looking at a page of photographs of Canadian Communists in convention in Toronto, as published in the Communists' daily paper. Here are samples of some of the names listed: Trachtenberg, Luck, Boychuk, Gettler, Zuker, Zurawinsky, Shulman, Starkman, Wolkovsky, LaPeds, Bilceki, Vassil, Shatalsky and Mah-Sue. The meeting cheered the exploits of the so-called "Mackenzie-Papineau battalion" in Spain. Let us hope that Mackensky and Papineauvich did not turn over in their graves.

The remains of Mrs. Mary Evans, long time resident of the Chapel Rock district, who passed away on Sunday last, were brought to Blaimore for burial. Funeral service was held at St. Anne's church at 10 a.m. on Tuesday, and the remains were laid to rest in the Catholic cemetery. Deceased was in her 61st year. She was a native of Czechoslovakia and came to Canada 43 years ago. Surviving are her husband, Martin Evans; sons, Steve, of Lethbridge, Mike, Jim and Martin at home; daughters, Mrs. C. M. Pederson, of Lethbridge, and Katie at home; sister, Mrs. M. Dorchak, and brothers, Joe Kropinak, Mike Kropinak and John Kropinak, of Lethbridge and Chapel Rock.

A package of nerve food was shipped to Mr. Aberhart on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Westley Vincent, of Nordegg, were recent visitors with relatives and friends in Coleman and Blaimore.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Thompson, of Salm, R.C., were recent visitors with relatives and friends in Coleman and Blaimore.

The residence of August Kovach, at Passburg, was completely destroyed by fire at an early hour on Thursday morning last.

Ernest Graham, of Regina, a collector for a farm implement company, who figured in an alleged holdup near Cardston, where he claimed to have been robbed of \$700 in cash, was arrested in Regina on a charge of fabricating evidence.

SALE OF NEEDLEWORK and home cooking, also afternoon tea, Saturday, Oct. 30th, from 3 to 6, in the United church auditorium under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid. Many exquisite pieces of needlework will be for sale.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND CLAIMANTS

IN THE ESTATE OF Thomas Ede, late of the Town of Blaimore, in the Province of Alberta, barrister and solicitor, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of the above named Thomas Ede, who died on the 3rd day of April, A.D. 1937, are required to file with the TRUSTEES AND GUARANTEES COMPANY, LIMITED, Calgary, Alberta, by the 27th day of November, A.D. 1937, a full statement duly verified of their claims and of any securities held by them, and that after that date the executor will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which have been brought to its knowledge.

Dated at Blaimore, in the Province of Alberta, this 26th day of October, A.D. 1937.  
THE TRUSTEES AND GUARANTEES COMPANY, LIMITED,  
Calgary, Alberta.  
Executor.

per T. J. Costigan, Barrister and Solicitor, Blaimore, Alberta, its solicitor herein.  
Regular meeting of Crows' Nest Chapter, I.O.D.E. will be held in the Anglican hall on Tuesday, November 2nd, at 7:30 p.m.

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CABBAGE, Firm Heads	100 lbs	\$1.25
POTATOES, Alta. Gems	90 lbs	85c
RAISINS, Fresh Seedless	2 lbs	27c
BEANS, White Ontario	5 lbs	23c
TOMATOES, Libby's Choice	5 tins	59c
SARDINES, Brunswick	5 tins	23c
BUTTER, Bridge Brand	3 lbs	87c
SOUP, Libby's Tomato	3 tins	25c
PORK and BEANS, Libby's, 1's	2 tins	15c
TEA, Airway, Fresh	Lb	45c
SUCKERS, for Halloween	100 for	45c
SUGAR, Paper Bags	10 lbs	64c
SOAP, Pearl	10 bars	37c
JAM, Pure Raspberry	4 lbs	50c

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—is the most important food at each of those meals. It gives the maximum of pure nourishment in most delicious form. Always fresh, crisp, tempting.

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